# SERIES 401, 402, 403 STOREFRONT

### INSTAULATION INSTRUCTIONS



Part NO. Y001 April 29 2020



WHERE WINDOWS ARE JUST THE BEGINNING®

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

#### **SECTION**

| I.                | General Notes   |   |
|-------------------|---|---|
| II.               | Parts Identification Charts   | 4-30  |
|                   | A. S401 Parts Identification  |   |
|                   | B. S402 Parts Identification  |   |
|                   | C. S403 Parts Identification  |   |
| III.              | Fabrication and Assembly  |   |
|                   | A. Screw Spline Fabrication   | 31-36   |
|                   | B. Shear Block Fabrication  | 37-45   |
|                   | C. Corner Fabrication   | 46-47   |
|                   | D. Expansion Mullions   |   |
|                   | E. Steel Reinforcing  |   |
|                   | F.High Side Lite Bases  | 50-53   |
|                   | G. Adjustable Height Side Lite Base   | 54-58   |
| IV.               | Installation  |   |
|                   | A. Door Frame Installation  | 59-60   |
|                   | B. Sill Flashing Installation   | 61-64   |
|                   | C. Screw Spline and Shear Block Systems Installation  | 65-70   |
|                   | D. High Side Lite Base Installation   | 71-74   |
|                   | E. Adjustable Height Side Lite Base Installation  |   |
|                   | F. Can System Preparation/Installation  | 82-84   |
| V.                | Glazing   | 85-94   |
|                   | V: A. Water Deflector Installation  |   |
|                   | V: B. Pocket Dimensions and Glass Size Formulas   |   |
|                   | V: C. Outside Glazing   |   |
|                   | V: D. Inside Glazing  |   |
|                   | V: E. Window Adaptors Preps/Installation  |   |
|                   | V: F. 1" Pocket Reducers for $\frac{1}{4}$ " and $\frac{1}{2}$ " Glass  |   |
| Do                | ee Additional Supplements:<br>orma RTS 88 Concealed Overhead ClosersY013<br>oor, Door Glass and HardwareY015  |   |
| tem<br>pro<br>cor | Minimizing Condensation   te: Please reference EFCO's "Understanding Condensation" brochure which can be obtained through your EFCO re<br>Condensation will form on any surface when unfavorable conditions (interior temperature and relative humidity<br>nperature) are present. When the formation of excessive condensation is a concern, it is highly recommended that a of<br>fessional is utilized to perform an analysis of the shop drawings to recommend the best possible installation methods<br>ntact your EFCO representative for information on EFCO's Thermal Analysis Services.<br>Many current installation practices lead to an increase in the possibility of the formation of condensation. Thou<br>lusive, the list of examples below illustrates conditions under which condensation is likely to occur:   1. Bridging system thermal break with non-thermally broken metal flashing or lintels that are expression   2. System exposure to cold air cavities   3. Interior relative humidity levels not maintained at recommended levels, see EFCO's "Understanding and the possibility of the levels, see EFCO's "Understanding or lintels that provide the set of the set o | y and exterior<br>design<br>5. Please<br>ugh not all<br>osed to the |

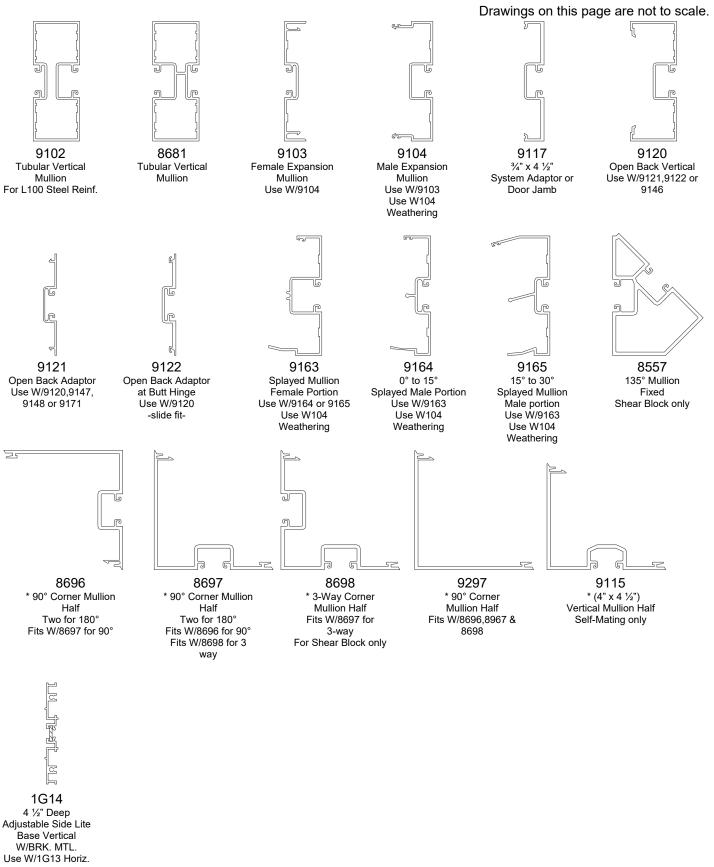
- Interior relative humidity levels not maintained at recommended levels, see EFCO's "Understanding Condensation" brochure
- 4. Inadequate separation between system and surrounding condition at perimeter
- 5. Product combinations during the shop drawing stage that result in bridging thermal breaks of one or all products involved

### **SECTION I: General Notes**

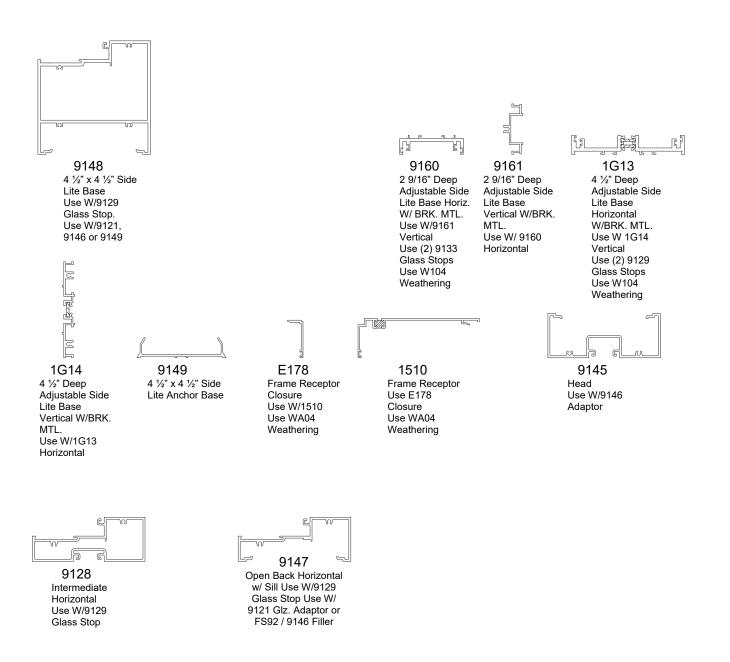
SERIES 401 - 1 3/4" x 4 1/2" - 1/4" GLAZING SERIES 402 - 2" x 4 1/2" - 1" GLAZING SERIES 403 - 2" x 4 1/2" - 1" GLAZING (THERMAL)

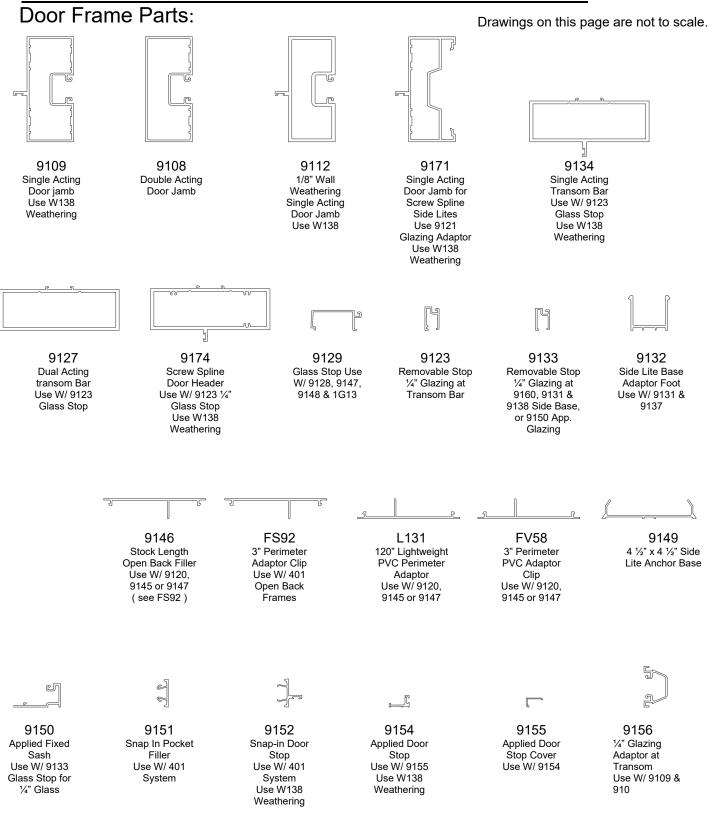
- Check shop drawings, installation instructions, and glazing instructions to become thoroughly familiar with the project. The shop drawings take precedence for extrusions and details on the project. THESE INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS ARE OF A GENERAL NATURE AND COVER THE MOST COMMON CONDITIONS AND SITUATIONS.
- 2) Check all of the materials upon arrival and be sure you have everything required to begin installation. (See Section II "PARTS IDENTIFICATION")
- 3) All work should start from bench marks and/or column center lines as established by the architectural drawings and the general contractor. Check construction for compliance with the contract documents.
- 4) NOTE: Sealants must be compatible with all surfaces. Consult with the sealant manufacturer for recommendations regarding compatibility and adhesion.
- 5) All materials are to be installed plumb, level, and true.
- 6) Protect materials after erection. Cement, plaster, alkaline solutions, and acid based materials can be harmful to the finish. Masonry runoff may leach harmful acids onto the storefront. This situation must also be taken into consideration at installation.
- 7) Clean aluminum surfaces with a mild detergent and water. No abrasive agent shall be used.

#### Vertical Parts:



#### Horizontal Parts:





#### Door Frame Parts:

9144 Applied ¾" Door Stop

9153 Applied Door Stop

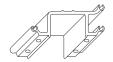


4437 Applied 5/8" Stop Used At Door Header Only Mates W/9155

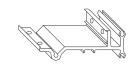


4438 5/8" Snap-in Door Stop at Door Header Only Used W/1 ¾" Door

### Shear Blocks & Clips:



K120 (CLR & BRZ) Door Header Shear Block Pkg. Screws Included



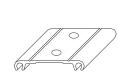
K122 Horizontal Intermediate Shear Block Pkg. Screws Included



K123 High Side Lite Shear Block Pkg. Screws Included



K124 (CLR. & BRZ.) Threshold Clip Pkg. O.P. Butt H Screws Included



K126 C.O.C. Threshold Clip Pkg. Screws Included



Drawings on this page are not to scale.

K153 (CLR) K154 (BRZ) Threshold Clip Package for Conc. Rod Panic Screws Included

### Sill Flashing & End Caps:



K449 End Cap Pkg. for #9957 Sill Flashing



F098 3" Flashing Clip 2 Per D.L.O. Use W/ 9957

K293 Sill Flashing Splice ( STD.)



9947 High Performance Lite Sill Flashing

| 9957             |
|------------------|
| Standard High    |
| Performance Sill |
| Flashing         |
| Use K449 End     |
| Cap              |

### **Glass Setting Blocks:**



HN80 Inside Glazed Horizontal Setting Block

K166 Door Transom Setting Block Pkg. Use W/9123 ¼" Glass Stop



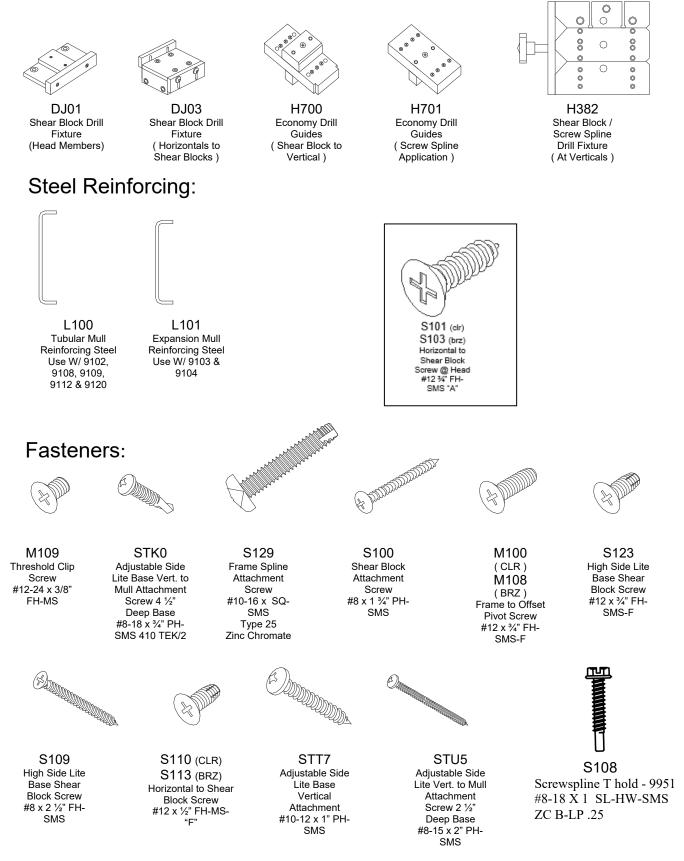
H161 High Sidelite Base Setting Block Pkg.



H160 Horizontal Setting Block Pkg.

### S401 Drill Jigs:

#### Drawings on this page are not to scale.

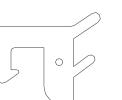


EFCO CORPORATION PART NO. Y001

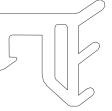
#### Gasket:

0 0 W165 W166 Glazing Gasket Glazing Gasket for Undersized for Oversized Glass Glass For 3/16" 5/16"-3/8" Infill Glazing Use 401 W199 Interior & W165 Exterior

WA04 Standard Weather Seal @ Subframes



Drawings on this page are not to scale.



W199 Standard Glazing Gasket 1⁄4" Infill 401



W138 Standard Weather Seal @ Door Stops

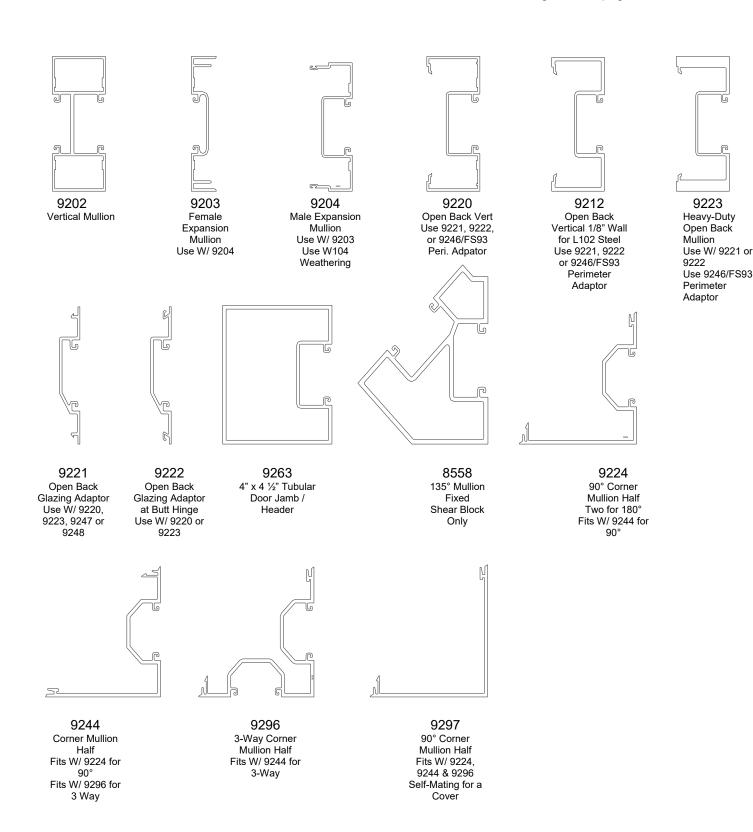


W104 Weather Seal Gasket Use W/ Expansion Mulls, @ Variable Mulls or Adj. Height Side Lite Bases

**HN54** 

1/4" Antiwalk Block 401 Only

#### Vertical Parts:

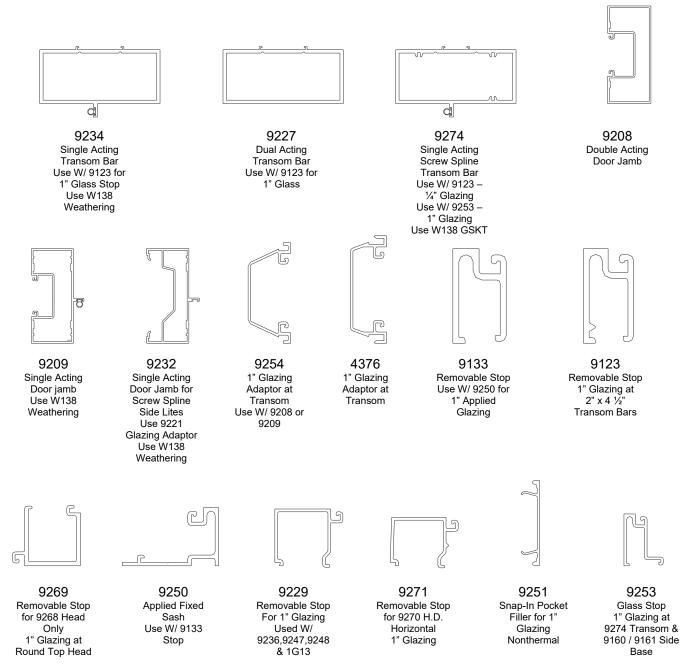


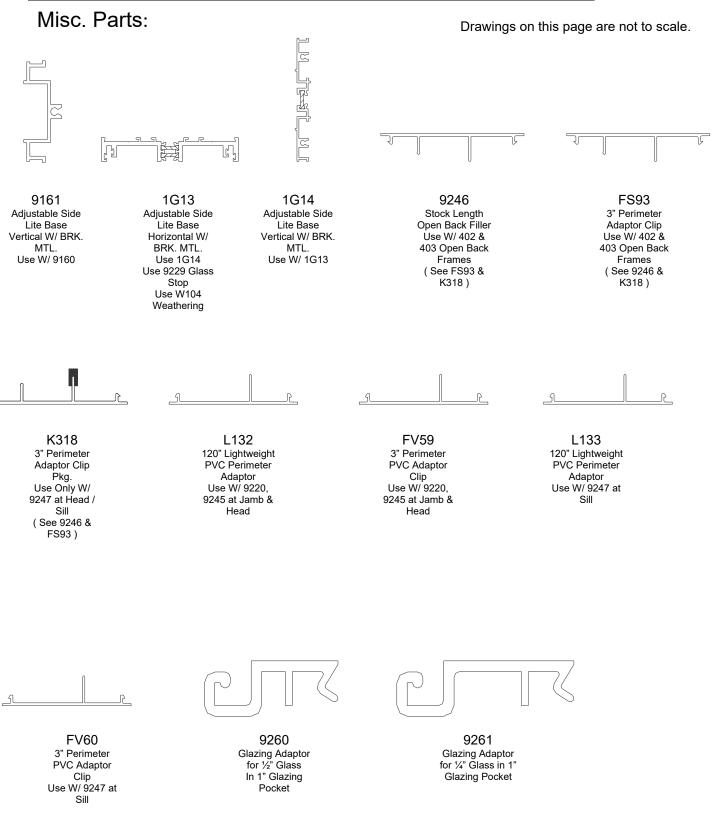
#### Series 401,402, & 403 Installation Instructions

# SECTION II: B. S402 PARTS IDENTIFICATION

#### Horizontal Parts: Drawings on this page are not to scale. പ്രവ പ്ര ເດຍ <u>7</u> 9236 9245 9247 9248 Tubular Side Lite Head Open Back Sill 4 ½" x 4 ½" Side Use W/ 9246 or Horizontal Lite Base Horizontal Use W/ 9229 Use W/ 9229 Adaptor Use W/ 9229 Glass Stop Glass Stop Glass Stop 9246 adaptors 9246 or 9221 Adaptors or Use 9149 Anchor 2 Π P ก Π L.S. R 2 9270 9268 9149 9160 Open Back Head 4 ½" x 4 ½" Heavy-Duty Adjustable Side for Round Tops Side Lite Anchor Tubular Lite Base Horizontal W/ BRK. MTL. Use W/ 9269 Horizontal Base Use W/ 9248 Use W/ 9271 Glass Stop FS93 Peri. Adpt. Glass Stop Use W/ 9161 Use K358 Shear Use 9253 Glass Block PKG. Stop ഭിസ Use W104 Weathering പ്ര 9231 8" Horizontal Self-Mating Use (2) K129 Shear Block Use Removable Stop Horizontals Above & Below

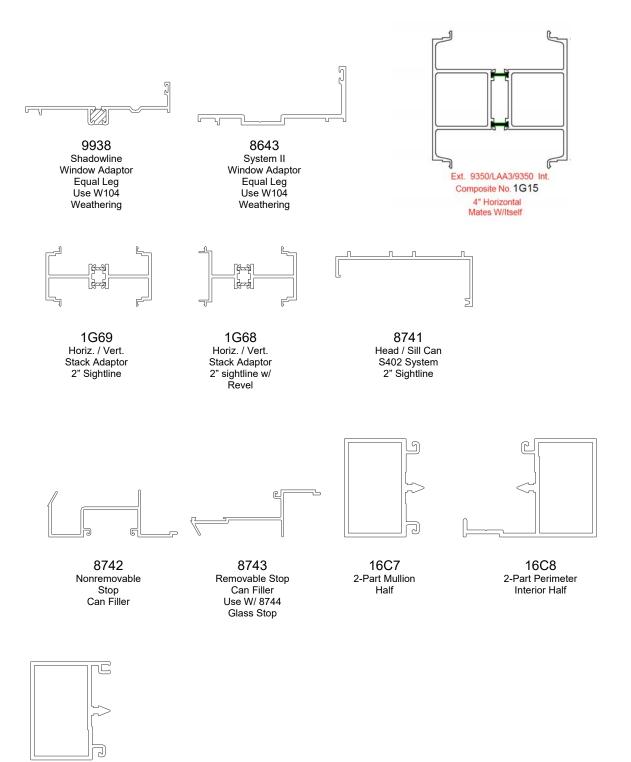
### Door Frame Parts:





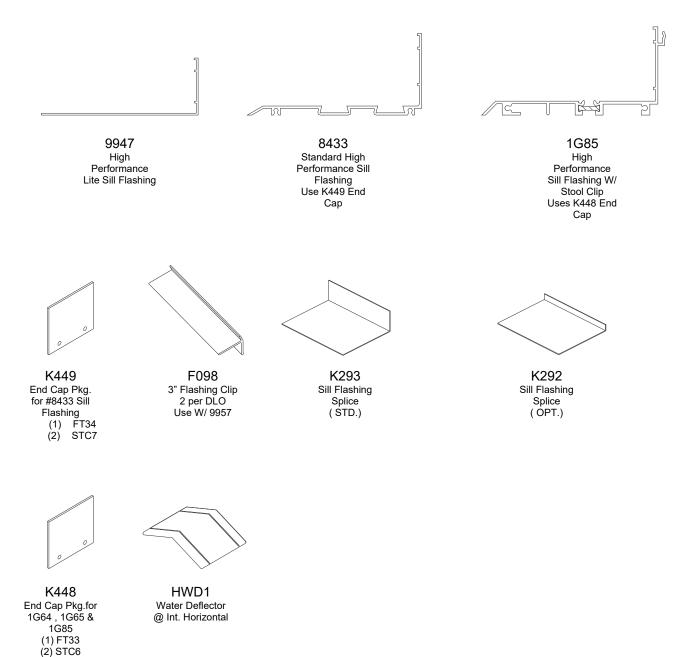
#### Misc. Parts:

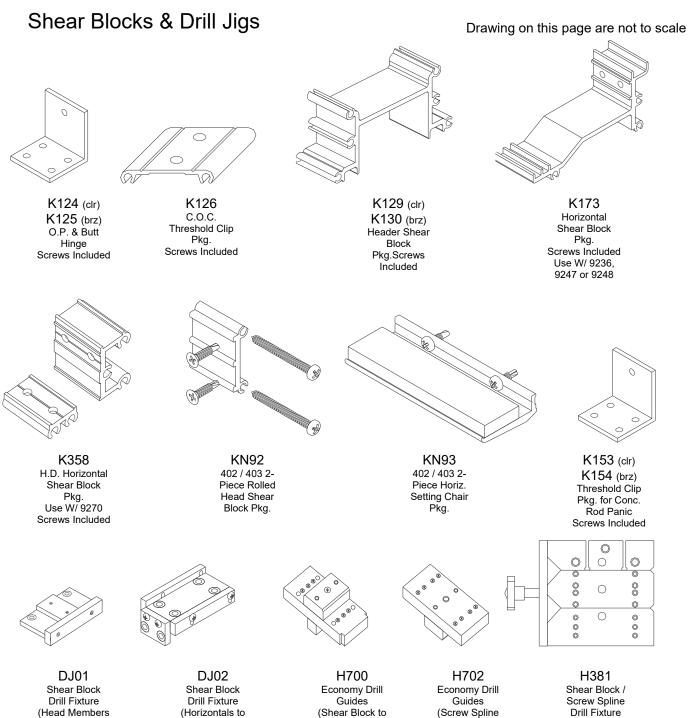
Drawings on this page are not to scale.



16C9 2-Part Perimeter Exterior Half

### Sill Flashing & End Caps





Vertical)

Application)

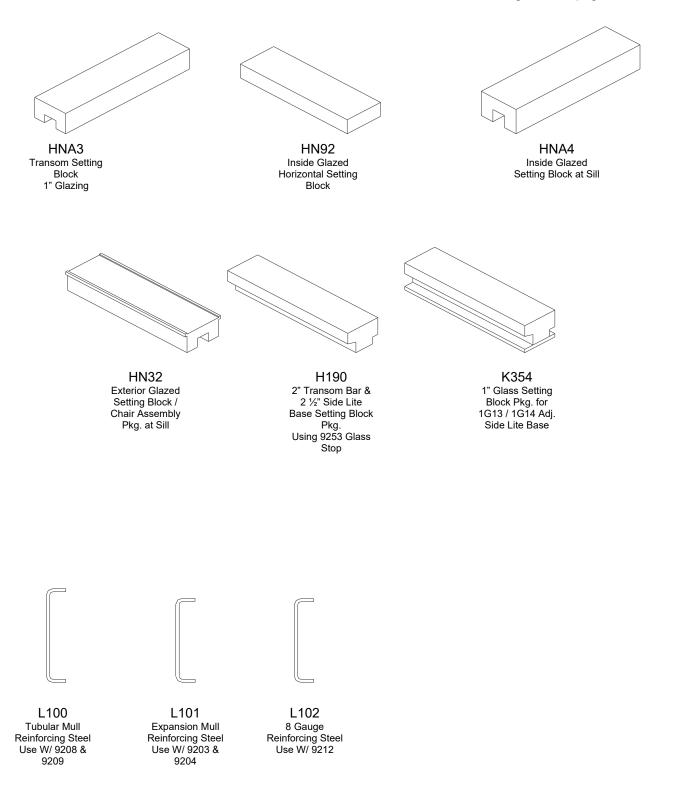
To Shear

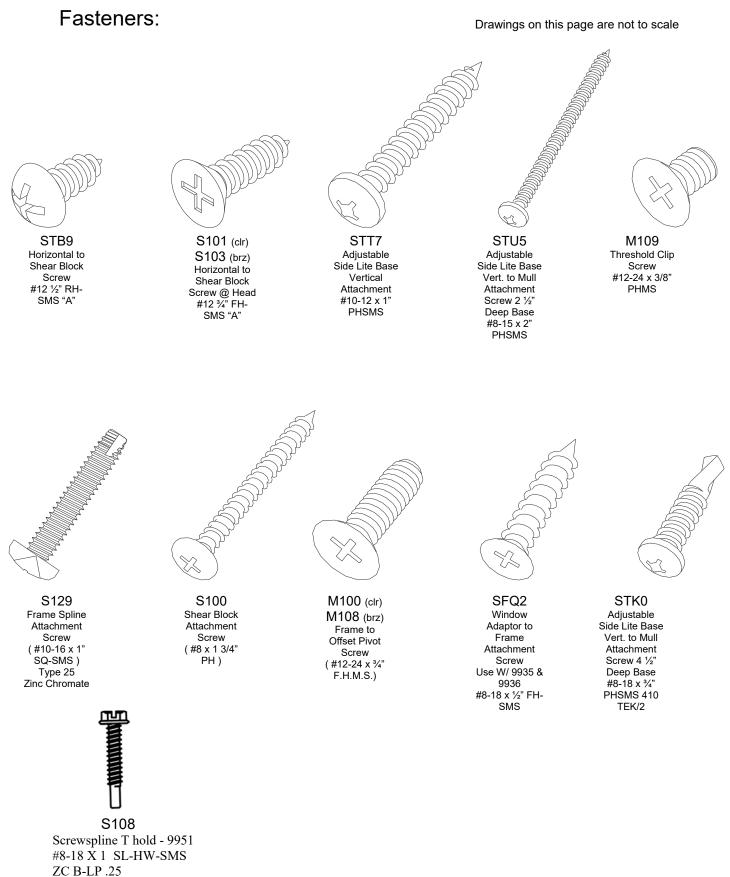
Blocks)

Shear Blocks)

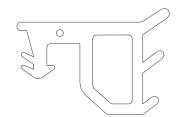
(At Verticals)

### Setting Blocks & Steel:





### Gasket:



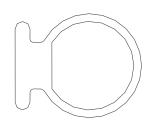
W165 Glazing Gasket for Undersized Glass ¾" Infill @ 1" Pocket



W166 Glazing Gasket for Oversized Glass 1 1/8" Infill @ 1" Pocket



W199 Standard Glazing Gasket 1" Infill @ 1" Pocket



W138 Standard Weather Seal @ Door Stops



WA04 Standard Weather Seal @ Subframes

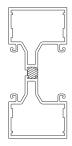


W104 Weather Seal Gasket Use W/ Expansion Mulls, @ Variable Mulls or Adj. Height Side Lite Bases



HN52 1/2" Antiwalk Block

### Vertical Parts:



9322 Standard Tubular Vertical Mullion

52

9317

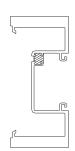
0° to 15°

Variable Male

Mullion Half Use W/ 9316

Use W104

Gasket



9323 Heavy-Duty Open Back Mullion Use W/ 9246, 9315 & 9314



9318 15° to 30° Variable Male Mullion Half Use W/ 9316 Use W104 Gasket



9324 Extra Heavy-Duty Open Back Mullion Use W/ 9246, 9315 & 9314



9320 Open Back Vertical Use W/ 9246, 9315 or 9314 Glazing Adaptor



9314 Open Back Adaptor Use W/ 9320, 9323, 9324, 9347 or 1G80



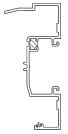
9309 Female Expansion Mullion for L101 Steel Reinforcing Use W/ 9311



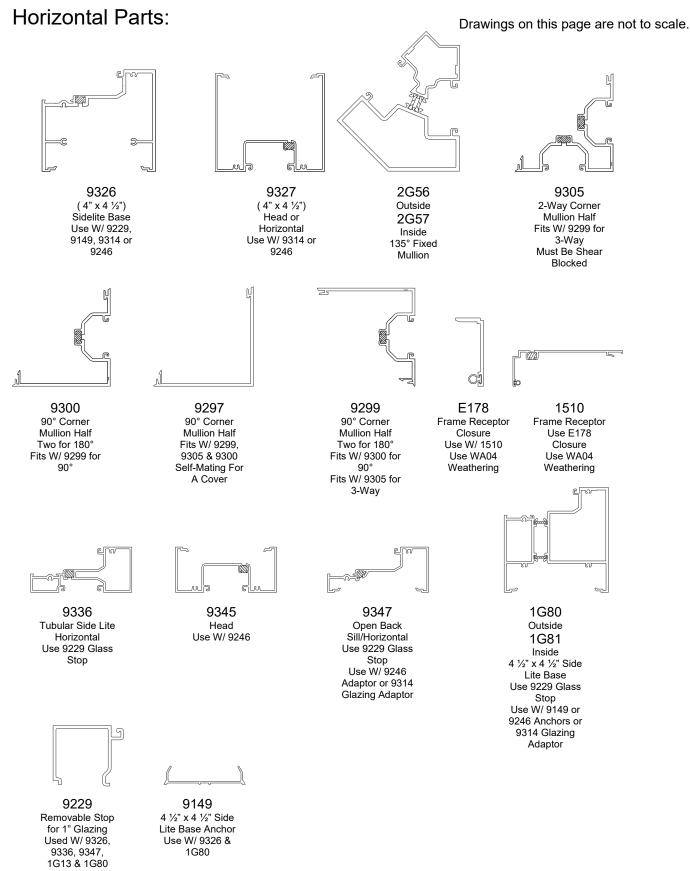
9315 Open Back Adaptor at Butt Hinge Slide Fit W/ 9320 & 9323



Male Expansion Mullion for L101 Steel Reinforcing Use W/ 9309 Use W104 Weathering

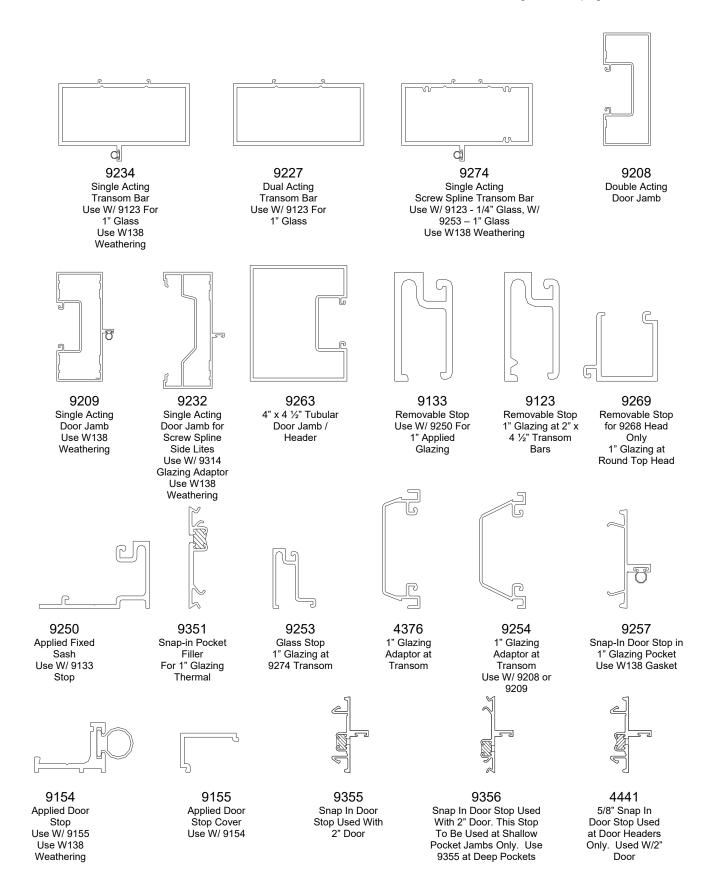


9316 0° to 15° Variable Female Mullion Half Use W/ 9317 Use W104 Gasket



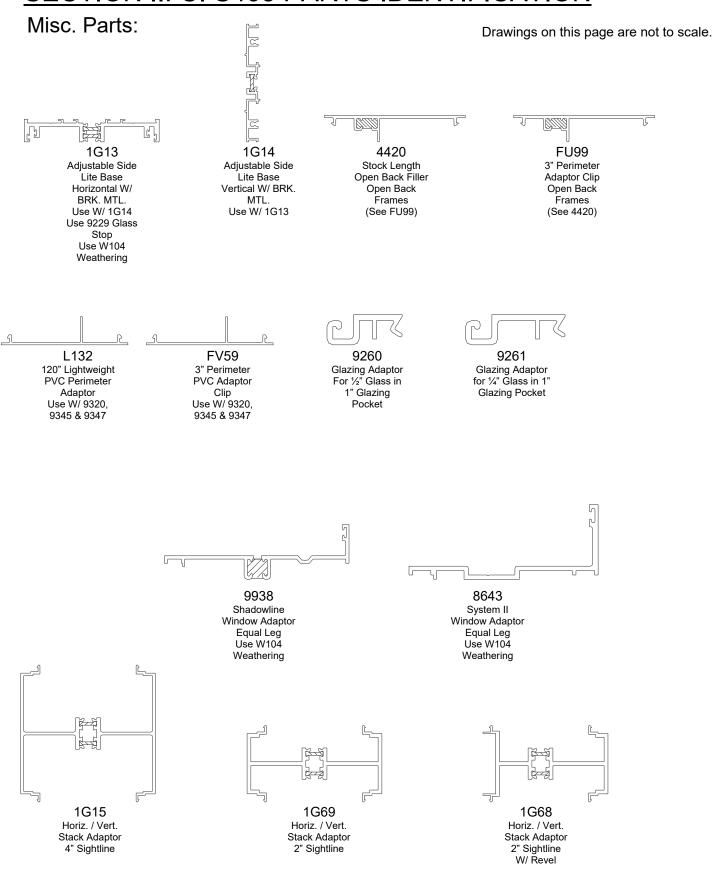
### Door Frame Parts:

Drawings on this page are not to scale.

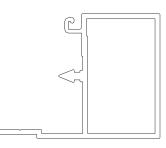


EFCO CORPORATION

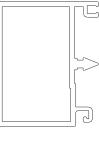
Page 23 of 94



### Misc. Parts:



16C8 2-Part Perimeter Interior Half Drawings on this page are not to scale.



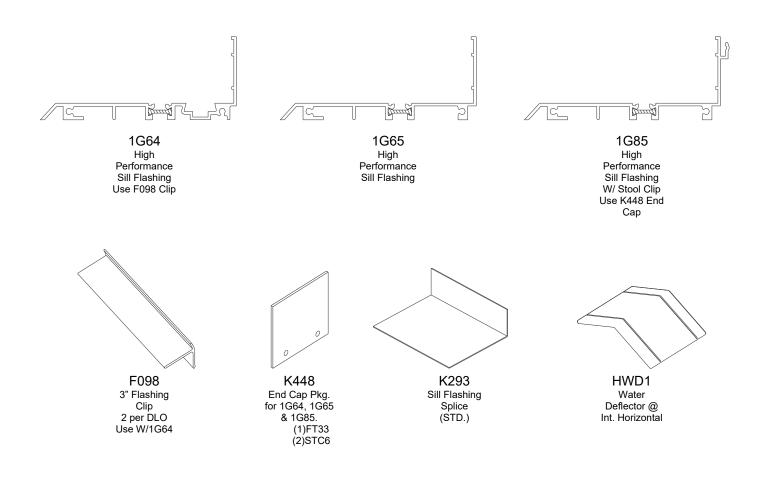
16C9 2-Part Perimeter Exterior Half

16C7 2-Part Mullion Half

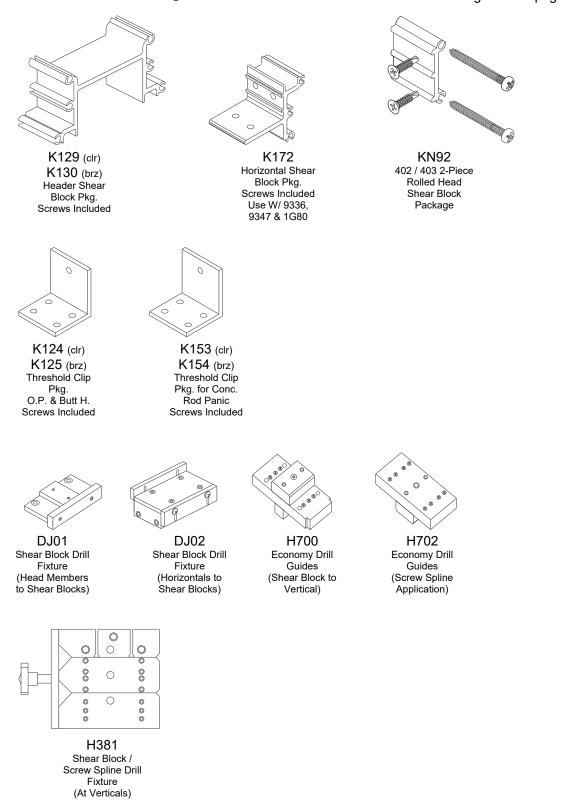


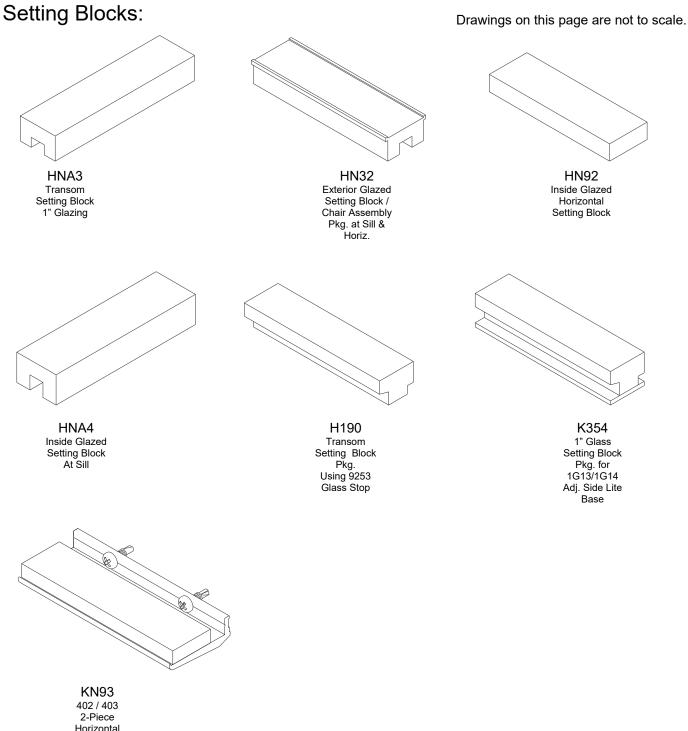
L100 Tubular Mull Reinforcing Steel Use W/ 9208 & 9209

### Sill Flashing & End Caps:



### Shear Blocks & Drill Jigs:





Horizontal Setting Chair Package

#### Fasteners: Drawings on this page are not to scale. N M109 STB9 S101 (clr) STT7 STU5 Threshold Clip Horizontal to Adiustable Adiustable S103 (brz) Shear Block Side Lite Base Side Lite Base Screw Horizontal to #12-24 x 3/8" Screw Vertical Vert. to Mull Shear Block #12 1/2"-RH-Attachment Attachment PHMS Screw @ Head #12 3/4" FH-SMS "A" #10-12 x 1" Screw 2 1/2" PHSMS Deep Base SMS "A" #8-15 x 2" PHMS MMMMMM STK0 SFQ2 S129 S100 M100 (clr) Adjustable Window Frame Spline Shear Block M108 (brz) Side Lite Base Adaptor to Attachment Attachment Frame to Vert. to Mull Frame Screw Screw Offset Pivot Attachment Attachment #10-16 x 1" #8 x 1 ¾" P.H. Screw Screw 4 1/2" SQ-SMS. Screw. #12-24 x <sup>3</sup>⁄<sub>4</sub>" Use W/9935 & Deep Base Type 25 F.H.M.S. Zinc Chromate #8-18 x ¾" 9936 #8-18 x 1/2" PHSMS 410 TEK/2 FH-SMS

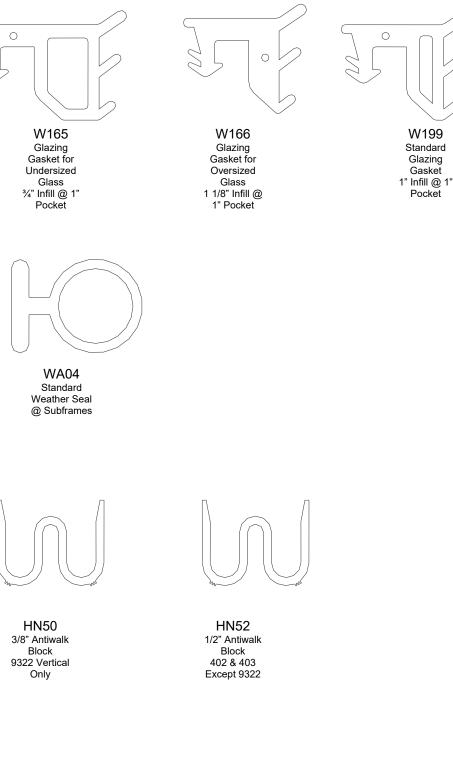
Emmun-

S108 Screwspline T hold - 9951 #8-18 X 1 SL-HW-SMS ZC B-LP .25

## Section II: C. S403 PARTS IDENTIFICATION

Gaskets & Antiwalk Block:

Drawings on this page are not to Scale.



W138 Standard Weather Seal @ Door Stops

W104 Weather Seal Gasket Use W/ Expansion Mulls, @ Variable Mulls or Adj. Height Side Lite Bases

The screw spline system is a fabrication and erection method that permits the preassembly of single units in the shop or at the job site. These units are then erected by mating the male mullion with the female mullion counterpart.

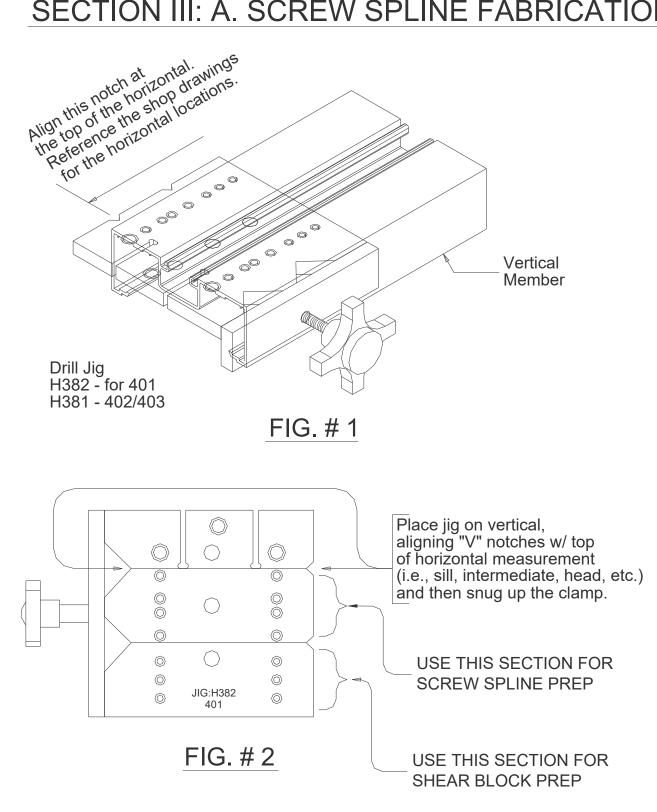
When an entrance is required, screw spline joinery may be used with the screw spline door jambs only. Otherwise, shear block joinery must be used to attach the side lite horizontals.

- NOTE) DUE TO THE SCREW TENSIONS REQUIRED FOR CORRECT INSTALLATION, IT WILL BE NECESSARY TO 'WAX' THE FRAME ASSEMBLY SCREWS TO PREVENT GALLING AND BREAKAGE.
  - STEP 1) Measure the opening to determine the cut length of the frame components.
    - NOTE: Allow minimum 1/2" shim and caulk space around perimeter.
    - NOTE: Allow extra clearances, if necessary, to accommodate building tolerances and building movement.
    - NOTE: Consult A.D.A. requirements to verify compliance.
- STEP 2) Cut the verticals to frame size.

NOTE: Verticals must run through.

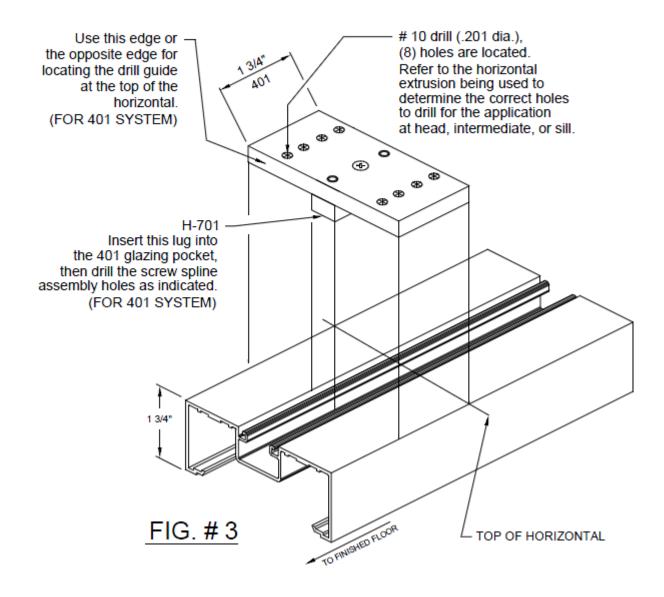
If the opening has an entrance, see the appropriate frame and door fabrication installation sheets.

- NOTE: Door jambs run to the floor and are cut longer than other verticals.
- STEP 3) Drill holes for assembly screws on vertical members. (See Fig. # 5 page 35).
  - NOTE: Drill jigs are available. See pages 9, 17, and 27 of the parts identification section.
- STEP 4) Cut horizontal members to day lite openings. (Between vertical mullions) Cut horizontal glass stops to day lite openings minus 1/32". (D.L.O. - 1/32")

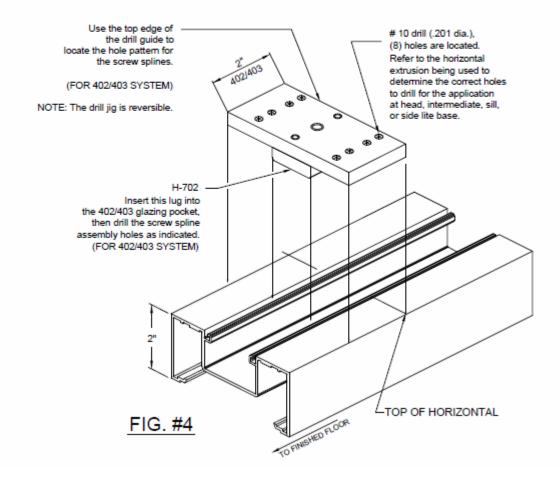


For assembly hole locations see page 35 - Fig. # 5.

# ECONOMY DRILL GUIDES H-701 DRILL GUIDE (401) for SCREW SPLINE APPLICATION

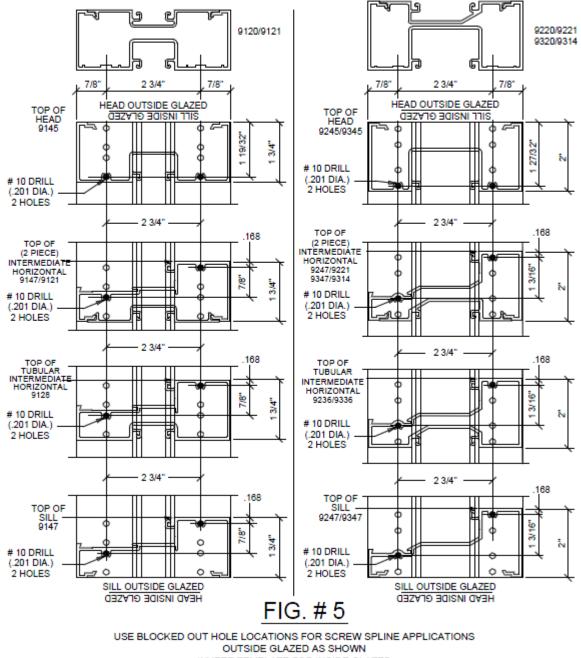


### ECONOMY DRILL GUIDES H-702 DRILL GUIDE (402/403) for SCREW SPLINE APPLICATION



SYSTEM 401 1 3/4" X 4 1/2" SYSTEM 402 & 403 2" X 4 1/2"

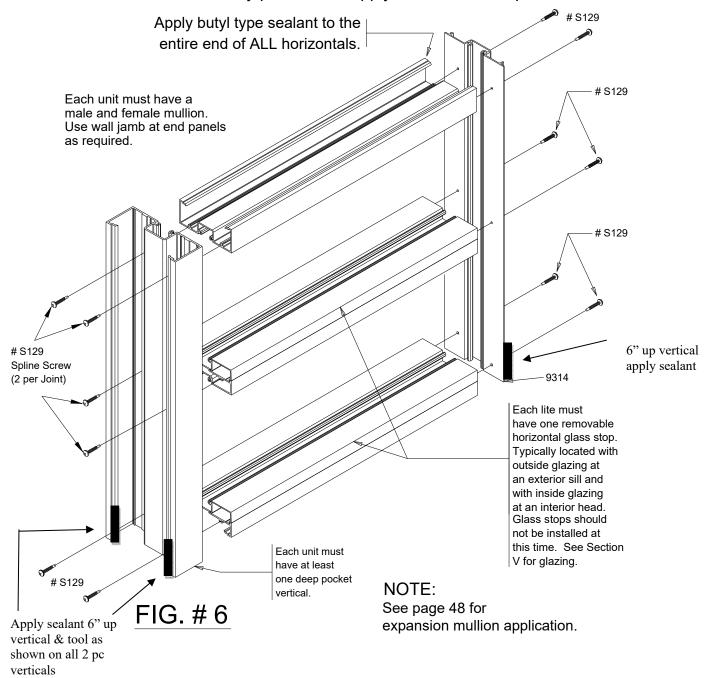
CAUTION: CAUTION: CAUTION: Door jambs must run to the floor and are cut longer than other verticals. Add sill flashing thickness and/or side lite sill blocking thickness to screw spline mounting hole height location at the sill.



INVERT TEMPLATE FOR INSIDE GLAZED

REVIEW THE GENERAL NOTES ON PAGE 3 BEFORE PROCEEDING.

- STEP 1) Apply butyl sealant (S.M. 5504, typ.) to ends of all horizontals before assembling units.
- STEP 2) Assemble the unit as shown in Fig. # 6 below. These basic assembly procedures apply to all storefront products.



The shear block system is a fabrication and erection method that permits the preassembly of single units in the shop or at the job site. These units are joined with shear blocks and installed as an assembled unit in the opening on top of any sill flashing that is used. Shear block joinery will be used at any immediate door frame.

# STEP 1) Measure the opening to determine the cut length of the frame components.

- NOTE: Allow minimum 1/2" shim and caulk space around perimeter.
- NOTE: Allow extra clearances, if necessary, to accommodate building tolerances and building movement.
- NOTE: Consult A.D.A. requirements to verify compliance.
- STEP 2) Cut verticals to frame size.
  - NOTE: Verticals must run through. If the opening has an entrance, see the appropriate frame and door fabrication installation sheets.
  - NOTE: Door jambs run to the floor and are cut longer than other verticals.
  - STEP 3) Cut horizontal members to day lite openings. (Between vertical mullions) Cut horizontal glass stops to day lite openings minus 1/32". (D.L.O. - 1/32")
- STEP 4) Drill holes for shear block screws on vertical members.
  - NOTE: Drill jigs are available.

See pages 9, 17, and 27 of the parts identification section.

VERTICAL SHEAR BLOCK PREP USING H-381 & H-382 DRILL JIG.

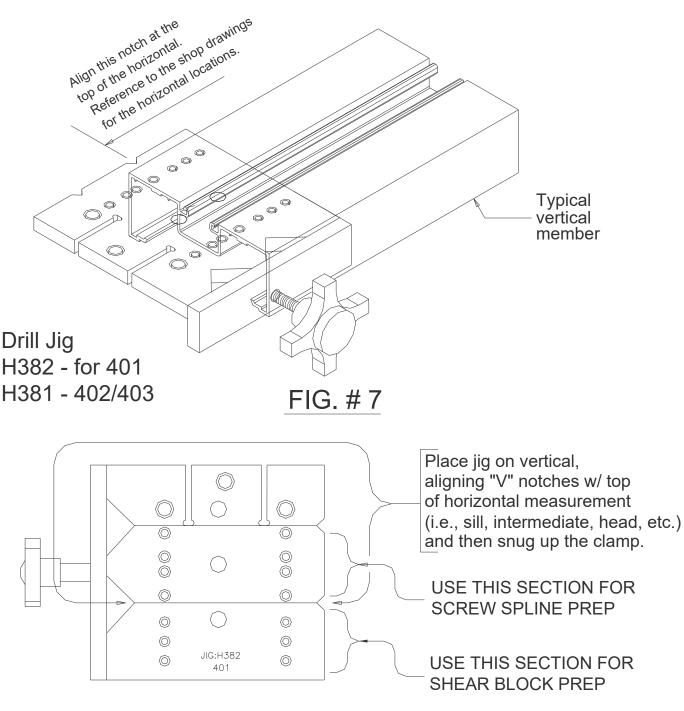
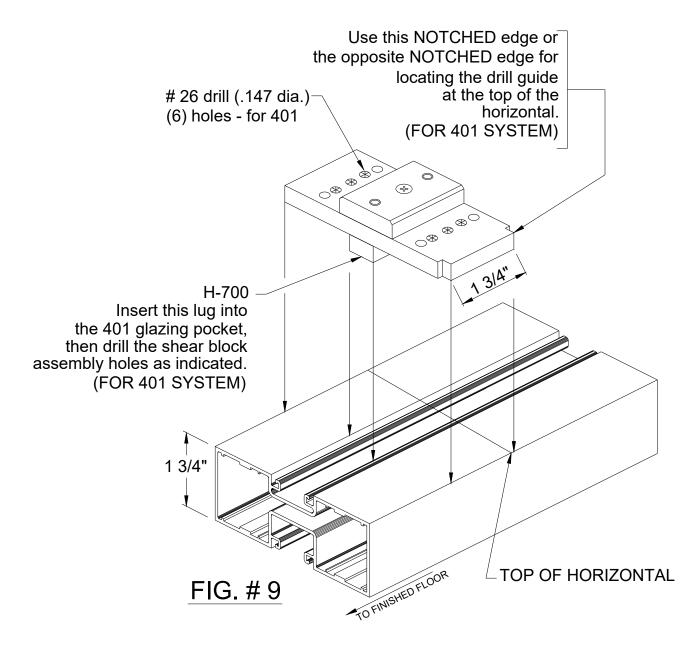


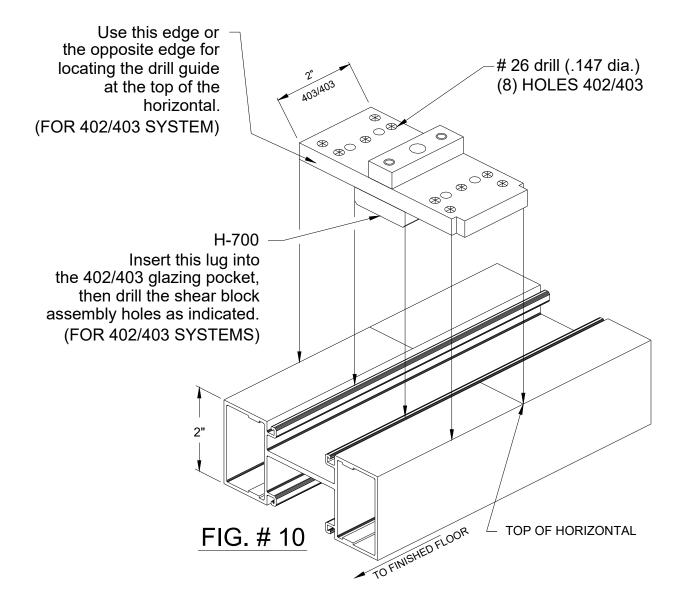
FIG. # 8

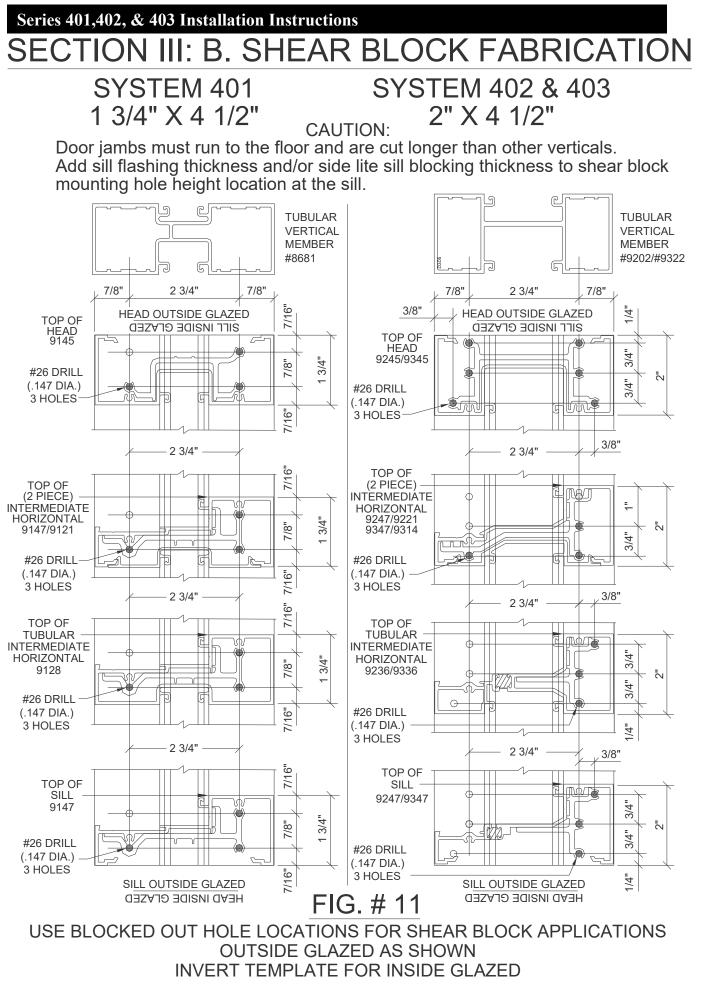
For assembly hole locations see page 41 - Fig. # 11.

# S401 H-700 DRILL GUIDE for SHEAR BLOCK APPLICATION



# S402 & S403 H-700 DRILL GUIDE for SHEAR BLOCK APPLICATION



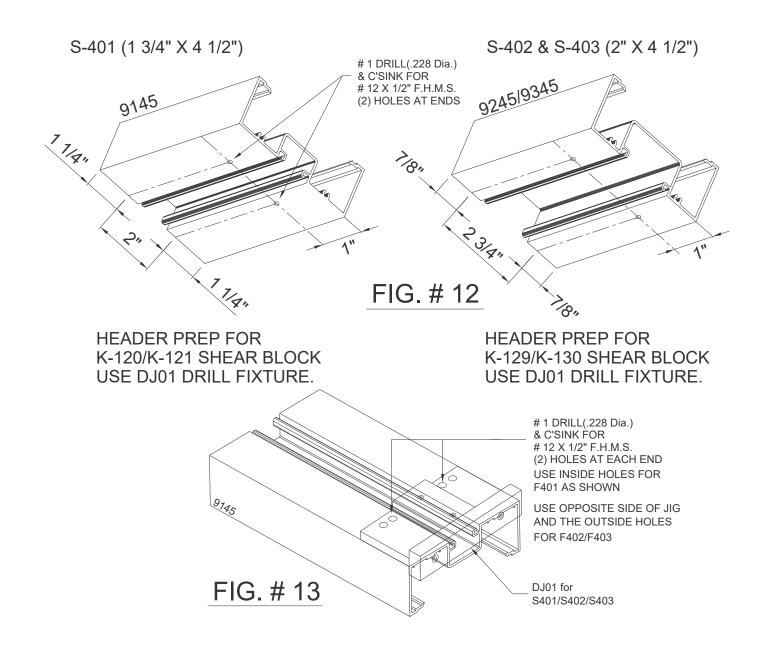


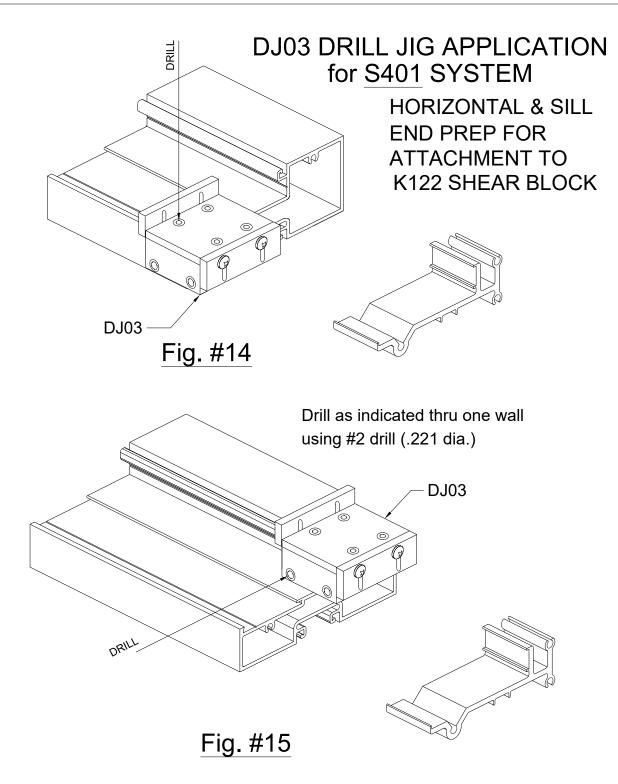
EFCO CORPORATION

#### PART NO. Y001

Page 41 of 94

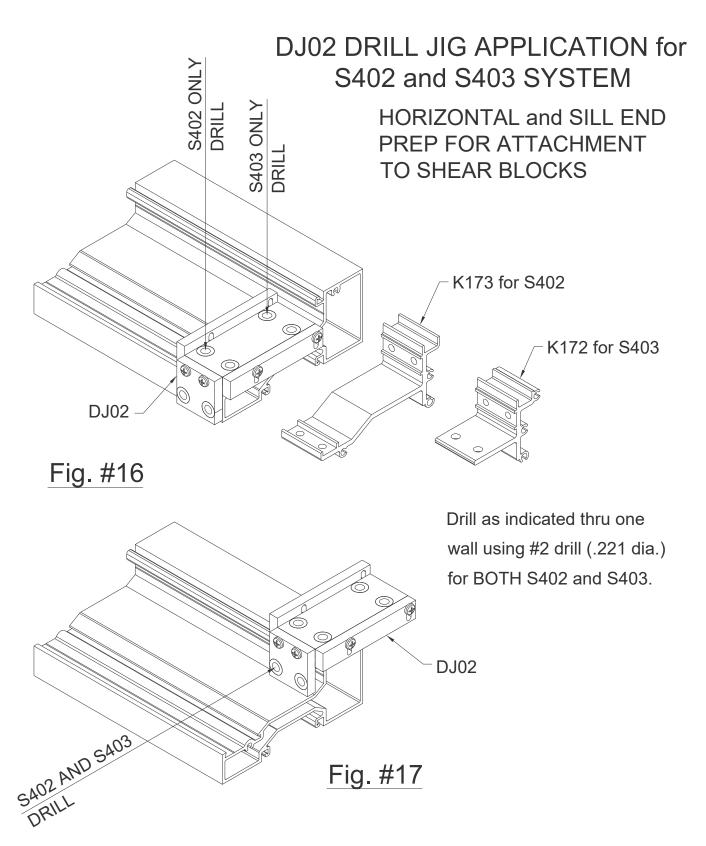
- STEP 5) Cut horizontal members to day lite openings (typically between vertical mullions). Cut horizontal glass stops to day lite openings minus 1/32". (D.L.O. - 1/32")
- STEP 6) Prep horizontals for attachment to shear blocks as shown below in Fig's. # 12 and # 13.
  - NOTE: For optional side lite base prep, see Section III F and Section III G.



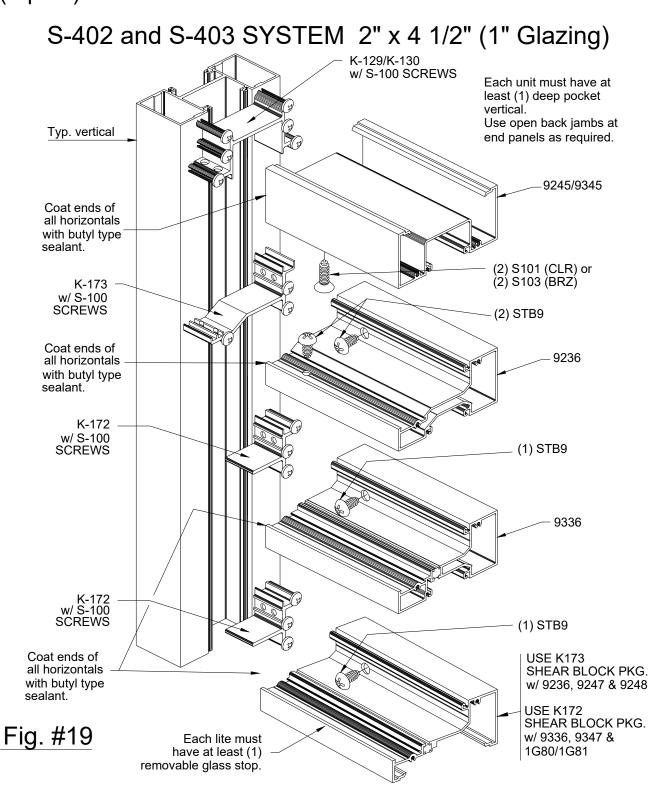


#### Series 401,402, & 403 Installation Instructions

### SECTION III: B. SHEAR BLOCK FABRICATION

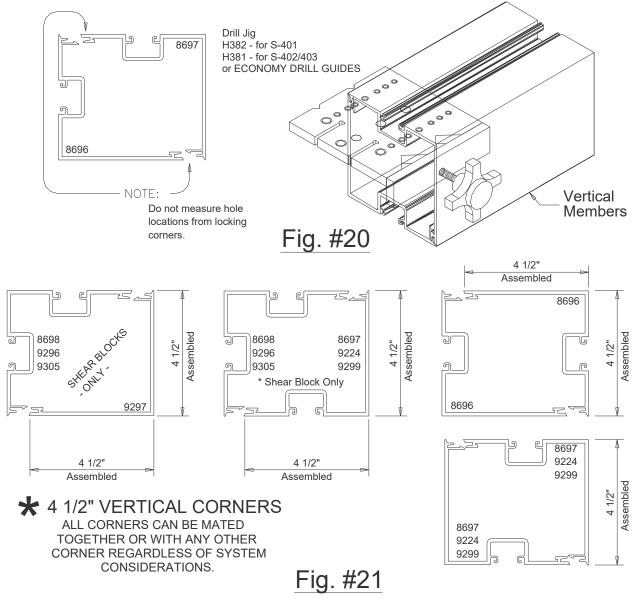


STEP 7) If the system is to be assembled and installed as a (repeat) unitized system, proceed as shown below in Fig. #19.



# SECTION III: C. CORNER FABRICATION

STEP 1) 90° corners are <u>designed</u> for use with the shear block or screw spline system. Because of possible screw spline and corner snap interference, the 3 way corners must be SB only. Follow steps # 1, # 2, and # 3 in Section III B for length cutting and shear block hole location.



The 90° corner halves may be snapped together and used as a one piece vertical mullion.

#### NOTE: CORNERS MUST BE SLID APART.

Refer to available extrusions for possible combinations.

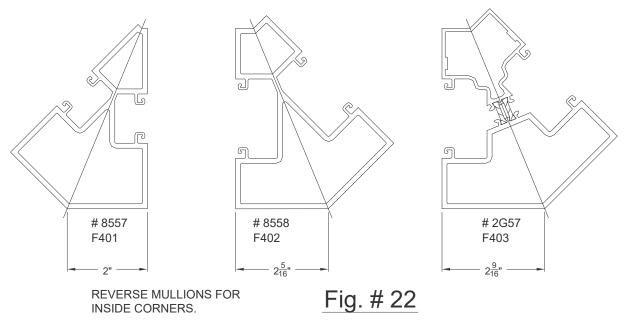
\* All 2-PC verticals require sealant 6" up from btm. of vertical at areas of engagement.

### SECTION III: C. CORNER FABRICATION

STEP 2) Fixed, inside and outside,135° corners.

NOTE: <u>Shear block application:</u>

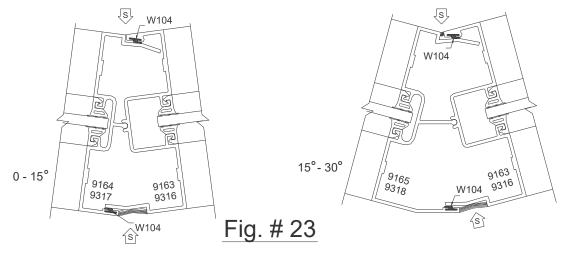
Follow steps # 1, # 2, and # 3 at Section III B for cutting and shear block hole locations.



STEP 2A) Variable 0 to 15 degree corner and

variable 15 to 30 degree corner - See Fig. # 23 below

The exterior exposure of the variable mullion will be dependent upon the angle of splay and will be job specific.



# SECTION III: D. EXPANSION MULLIONS

- STEP 1) Expansion mullions are required in elevations that are over 20'-25' wide and can be used with both screw spline and shear block systems.
  - NOTE: <u>For shear block application:</u> Follow steps #1, #2, and #3 at Section III B for cutting and shear block hole locations.
  - NOTE: <u>For screw spline application:</u> Follow steps #1, #2, and #3 at Section III A for cutting and screw spline hole locations.
  - NOTE: <u>Do not use expansion mullions at entrance jambs.</u> Locate expansion mullions at next mullion over so that the distance between expansion mullions is never more than 25'-0".

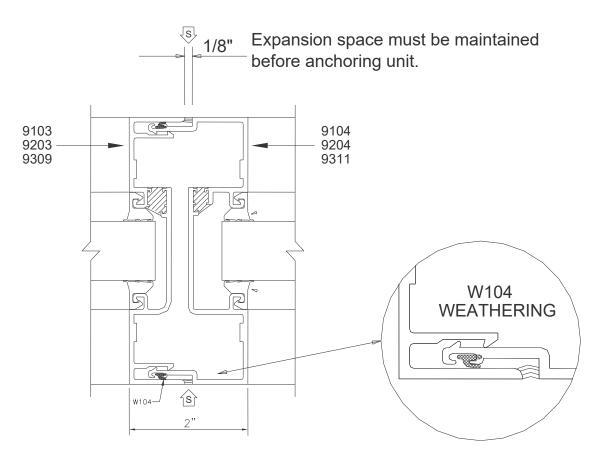
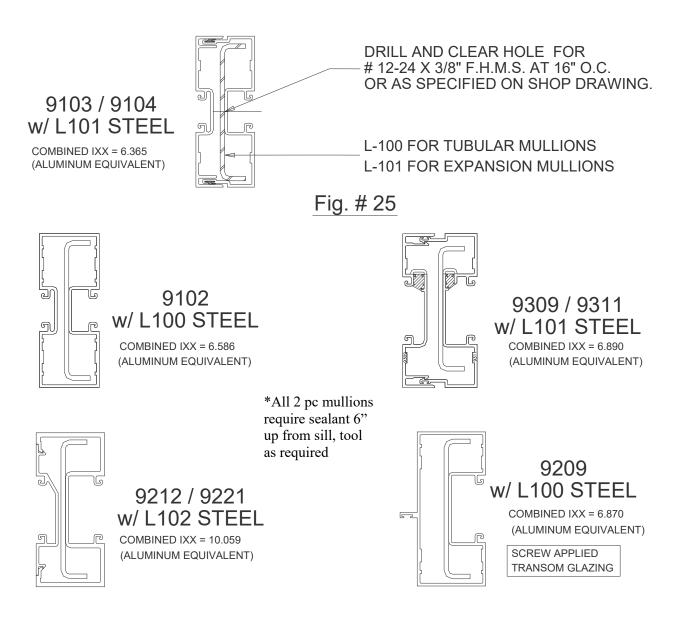


Fig. #24

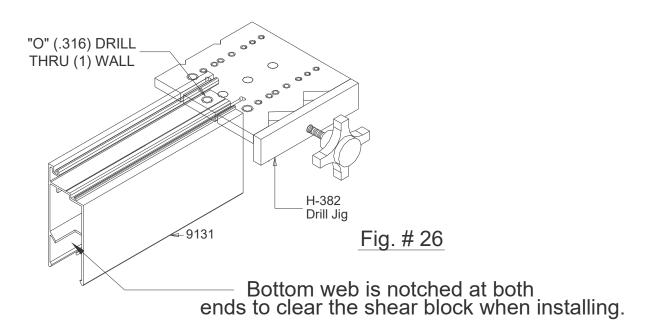
# SECTION III: E. STEEL REINFORCING

- STEP 1) Cut the steel reinforcing to mullion length minus 3" and set flush with the bottom of the vertical. Paint cut ends to prevent rust. Insert the steel into the mullion, then drill through the deep pocket of the mullion and the steel at 16" O.C. maximum spacing.
- STEP 2) Tap the holes in the steel to accept # 12-24 machine screws.
- STEP 3) Drill a clear hole in the mullion with a Ø.221 (#2) drill bit. Install the steel with M109 screws (#12-24X3/8" F.H.M.S.). NOTE: The flat head does not countersink into the mullion.

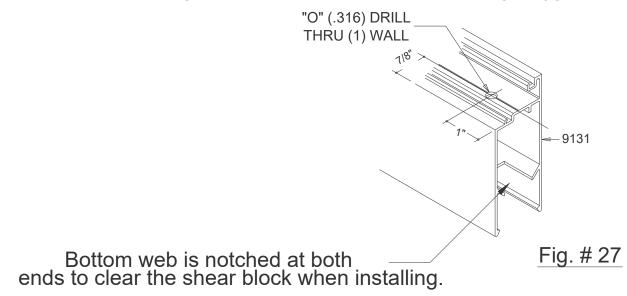


## SECTION III: F. HIGH SIDE LITE BASES - 401 SYSTEM ONLY -

STEP 1) Side lite base prep for attachment to K-123 shear block.



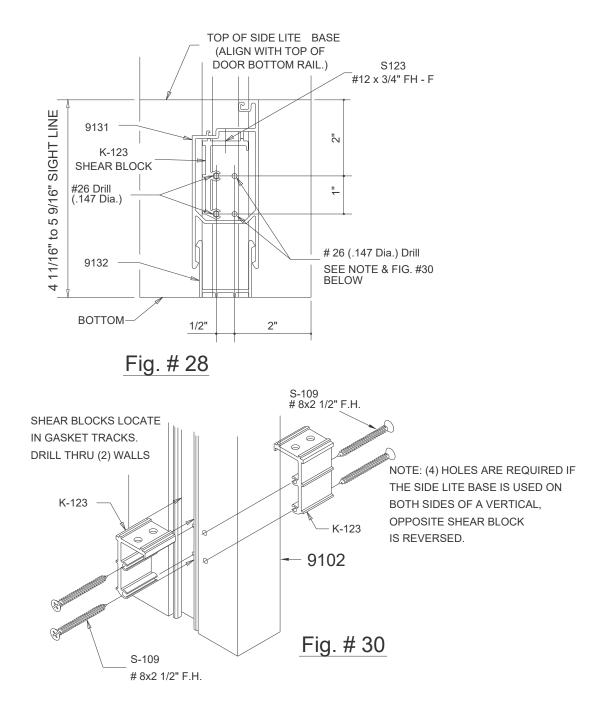
This figure shows the dimensions when not using drill jig.



# SECTION III: F. HIGH SIDE LITE BASES - 401 SYSTEM ONLY -

STEP 2) Side lite bases are available to match bottom door rails. Shear block attachment is required.

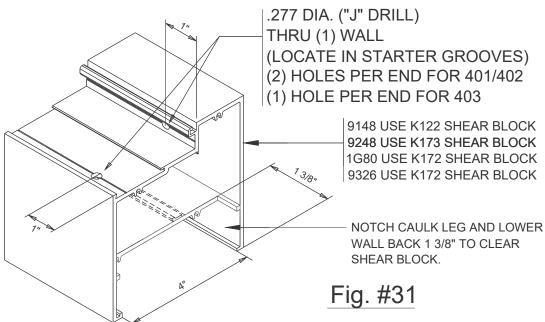
Vertical member prep for narrow side lite base shear block. S401 SYSTEM - 1/4" GLAZING ONLY -



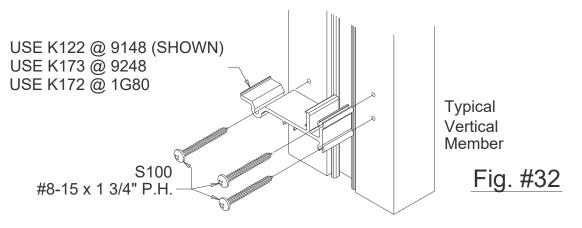
# SECTION III: F. HIGH SIDE LITE BASES

#### IF SYSTEM IS TO BE SCREW SPLINED, PROCEED TO STEP # 5 ON PAGE 53. SEE CAUTION NOTE AT STEP # 4 BELOW.

STEP 3) Prep both ends of the side lite base for shear block attachment holes and shear block clearance, as shown in Fig. #31.

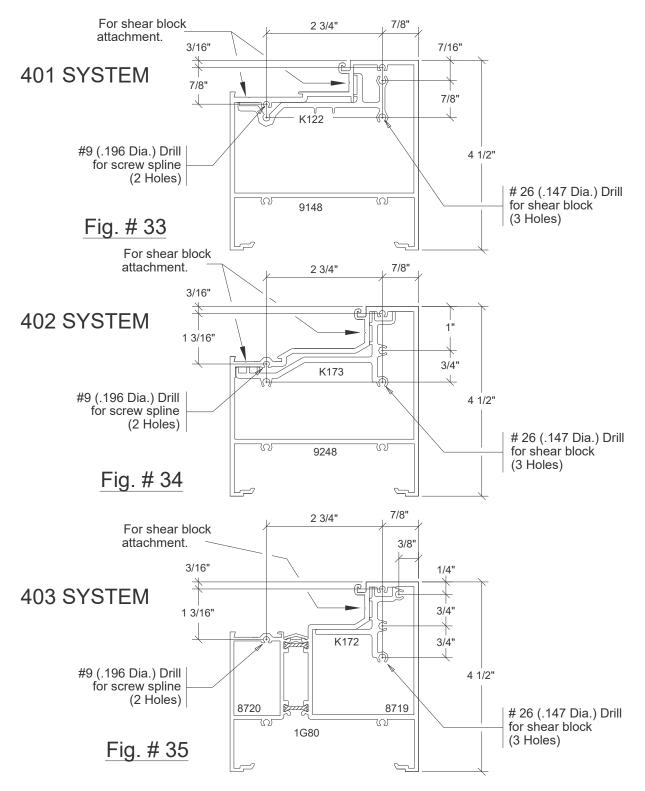


- STEP 4) Attach the shear block with S100 screws as shown in Fig. # 32. See the drilling layouts for the system being used on page 53, Fig's. # 33 thru # 35.
- CAUTION: Door jambs must run to the floor and are cut longer than other verticals. Remember to add sill flashing thickness and/or sill blocking to the mounting hole locations.

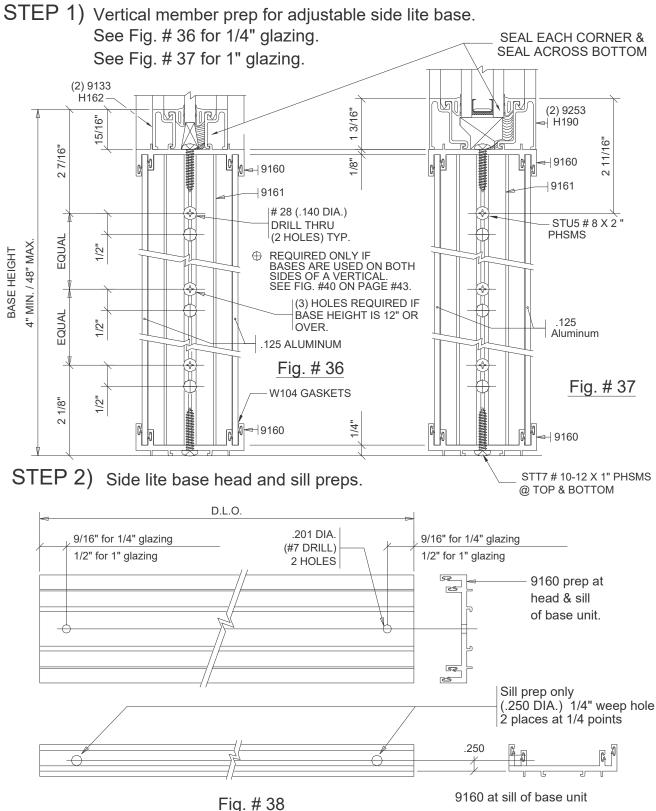


# SECTION III: F. HIGH SIDE LITE BASES

STEP 5) Vertical member prep for screw spline or shear block applications. Showing the hole prep relationship to the horizontal.



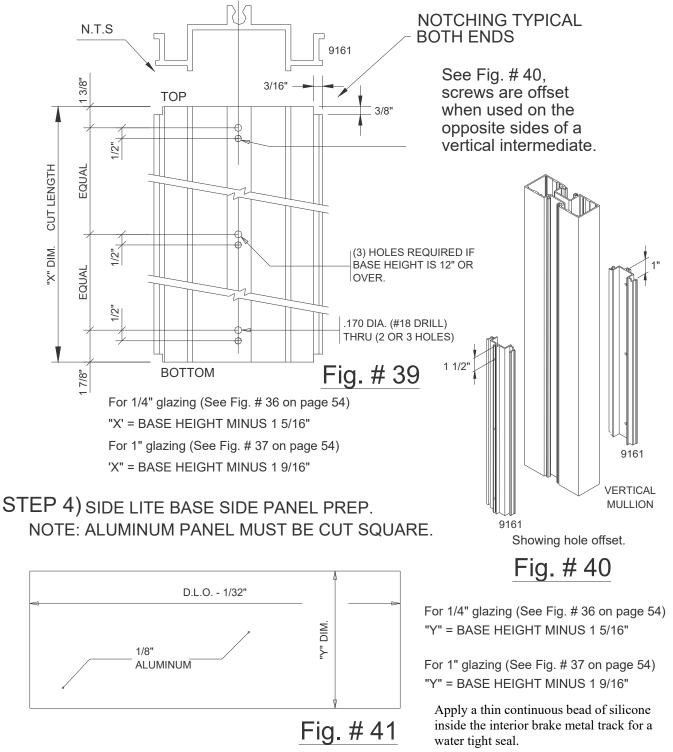
### SECTION III: G. ADJUSTABLE HEIGHT SIDE LITE BASE - 2 1/2" DEEP



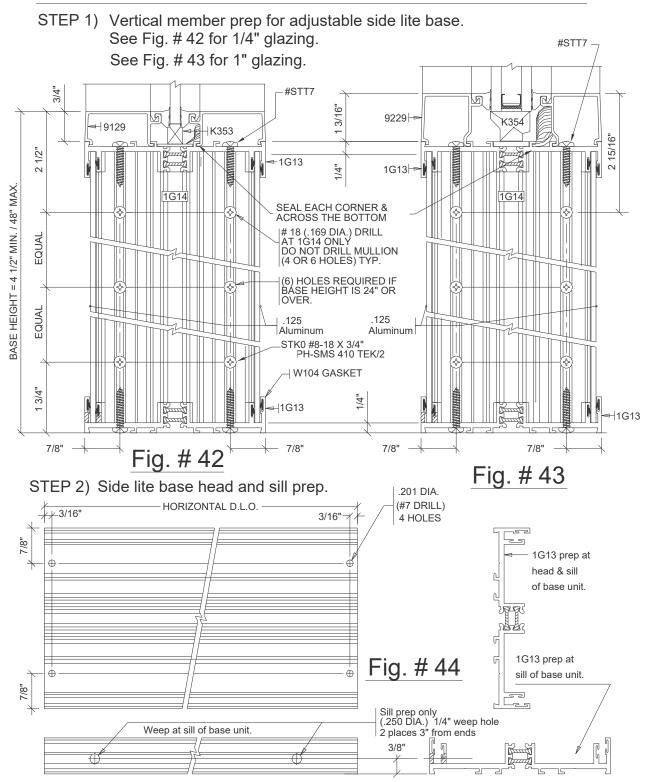
### SECTION III: G. ADJUSTABLE HEIGHT SIDE LITE BASE - 2 1/2" DEEP

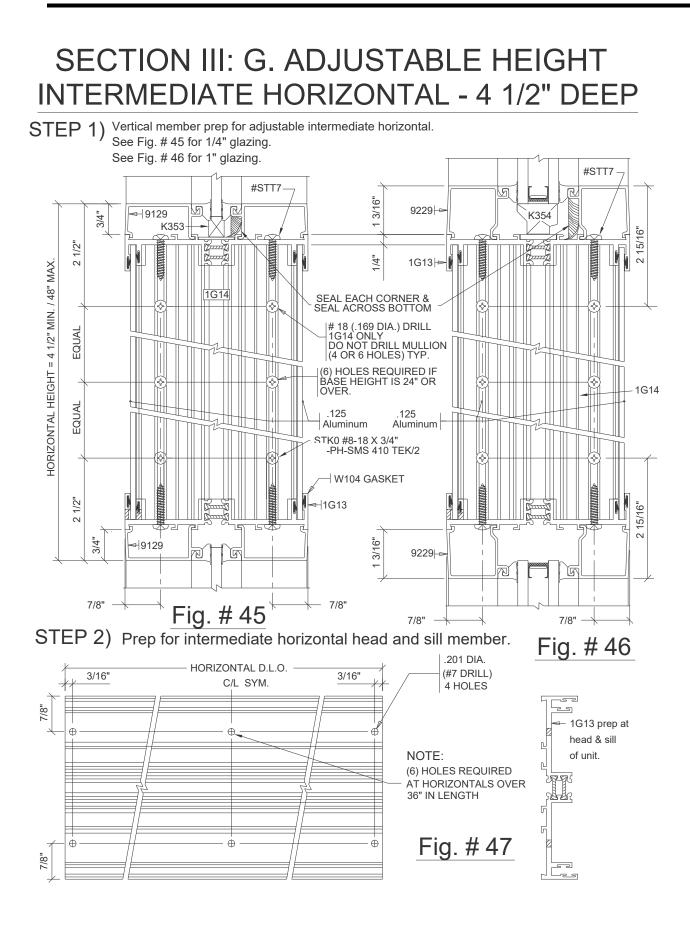
STEP 3) Side lite base vertical member cut length, end notching, and hole prep.

NOTE: The left and right verticals of the side lite base are nonhanded.



#### SECTION III: G. ADJUSTABLE HEIGHT SIDE LITE BASE - 4 1/2" DEEP

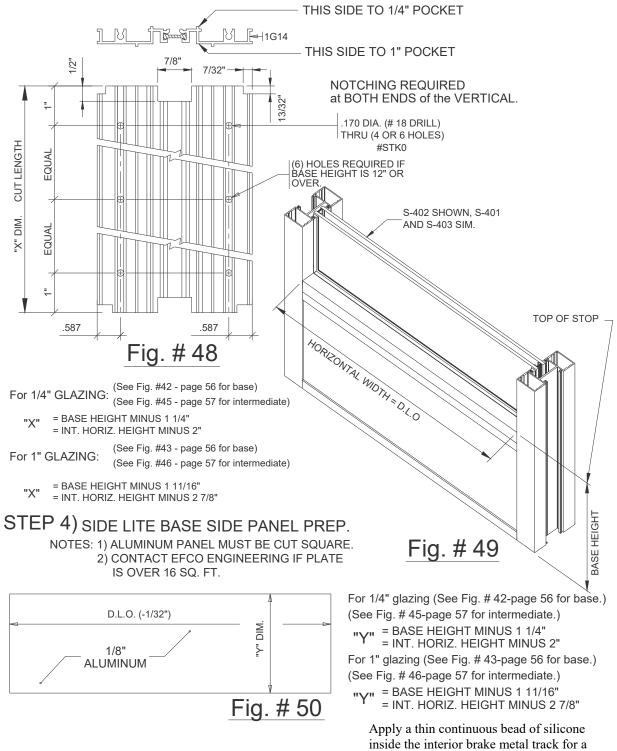




#### SECTION III: G. ADJUSTABLE HEIGHT SIDE LITE BASE / INTERMEDIATE HORIZONTAL

STEP 3) Side lite base vertical member cut length, notching, and hole preps.

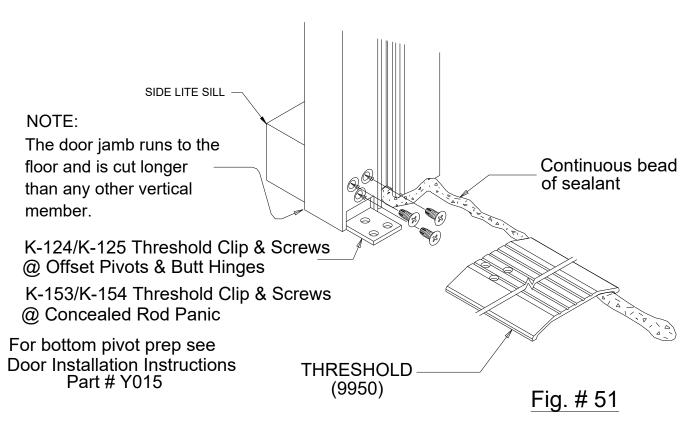
NOTE: The left and right verticals of the side lite base are nonhanded.



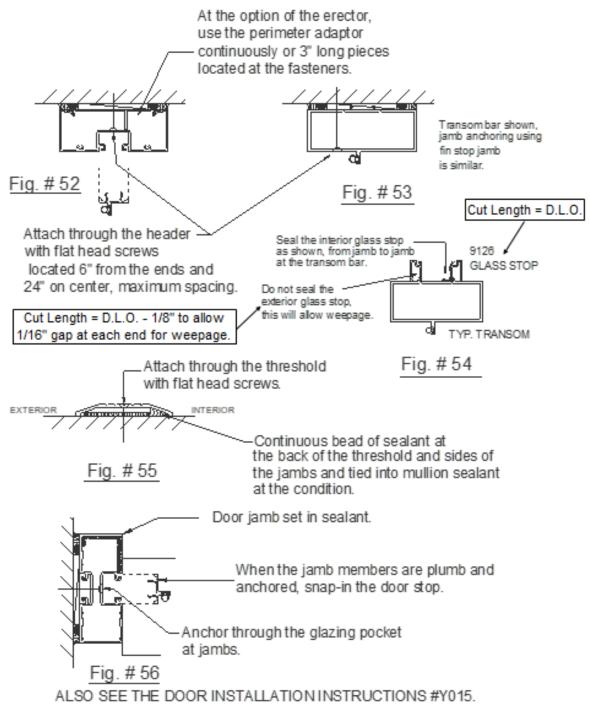
water tight seal.

# SECTION IV: A. DOOR FRAME INSTALLATION

- NOTE: If an entrance frame is required, it must be installed first.
- NOTE: If NO entrance frame is required, proceed to part "B" of this section.
- STEP 1) Correctly locate the entrance frame in the opening.
- STEP 2) Apply a bead of sealant around the interior portion of the jamb to set the member into. Then marry the side lite sealant or condition sealant into the bead of sealant to be applied under the threshold. The concept is to have a continuous bead of sealant at the interior, connected from the sill flashing/condition through the door jamb and continuing under the threshold to the opposite jamb and so on.
- STEP 3) Set assembled door frame in opening, plumb and level.
- STEP 4) Anchor the door frame as indicated below in Fig. # 51 and also in Fig's. # 52 through Fig. # 56 on page 60.

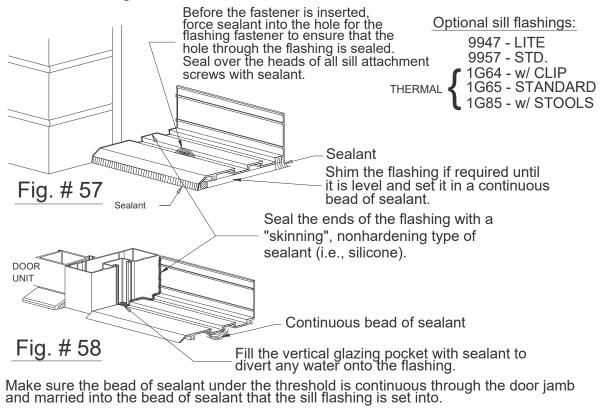


#### SECTION IV: A. DOOR FRAME INSTALLATION

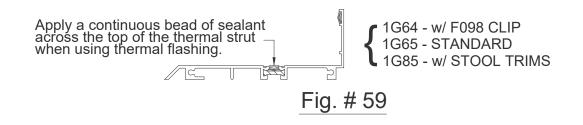


These recommendations are for general erection procedures only. For actual job conditions, see the details on the shop drawings. For perimeter anchor type and spacing, refer to the approved shop drawings or consult the project design professional.

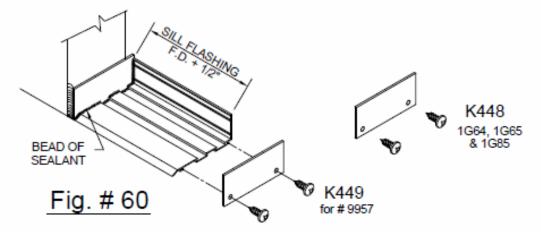
STEP 1) Install the sill flashing continuously between the masonry jambs or between the door frame and the masonry jamb. See figures below.



NOTE: ALL THERMAL STRUT SILL FLASHING THAT WOULD ENCOUNTER MOISTURE MIGRATION MUST HAVE THE THERMAL STRUT SEALED OVER WITH SILICONE.



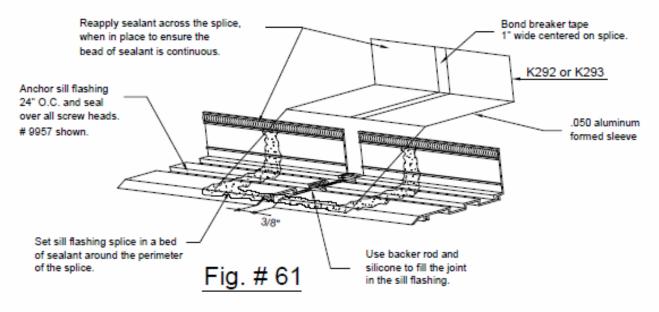
These recommendations are for general erection procedures only. For actual job conditions, see the details on the shop drawings. For perimeter anchor type and spacing, refer to the approved shop drawings or consult the project design professional.



End caps would be incorporated if the sill flashing could not be sealed to the condition completely. An example would be, if the jamb condition was less than the sill flashing depth or a void in the condition exist. This cut length provides a 3/16" gap between the sill flashing and condition for a good sealant joint when en caps are not required.

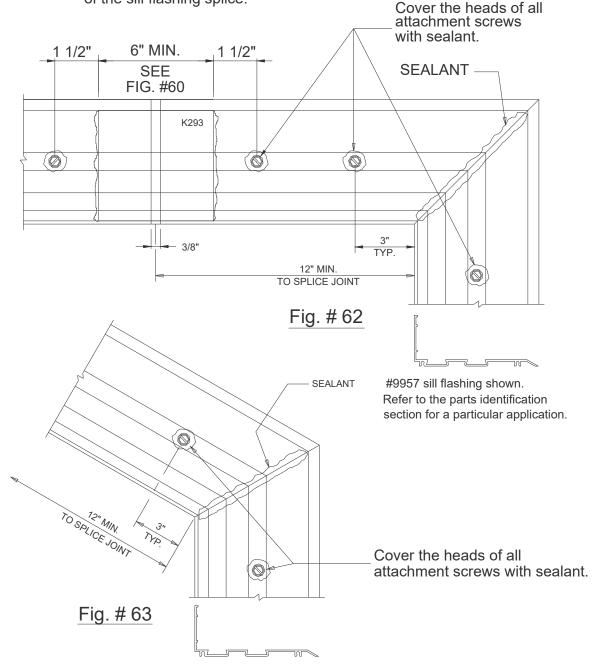
STEP 2) Splice the flashing every 20'-25' as shown in Fig. # 61. Use K-292 for brake metal type flashing or K-293 for EFCO high performance flashing. For best system performance, locate the splice joint 6" from vertical intermediates.

For mitered corners, see page 63.



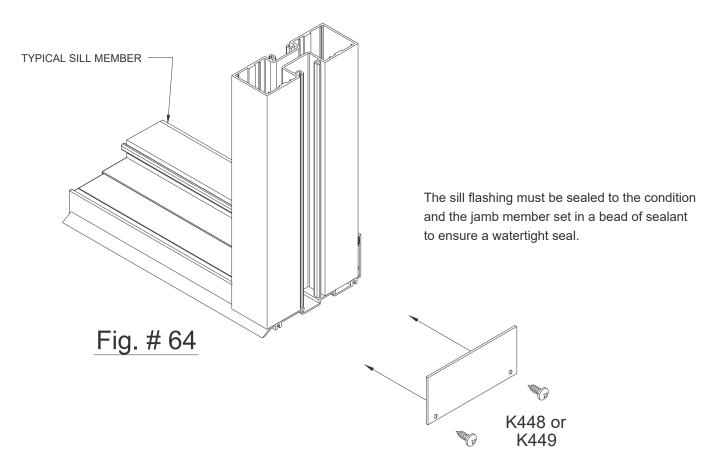
After the splice is in place, apply the cosmetic seal

STEP 3) If a corner is required, miter the flashing to the required angle and then install as shown in the figures below. Locate fasteners 3" from any corner and 1 1/2" from the edge of the sill flashing splice.



These recommendations are for general erection procedures only. For actual job conditions, see the details on the shop drawings. For perimeter anchor type and spacing, refer to the approved shop drawings or consult the project design professional.

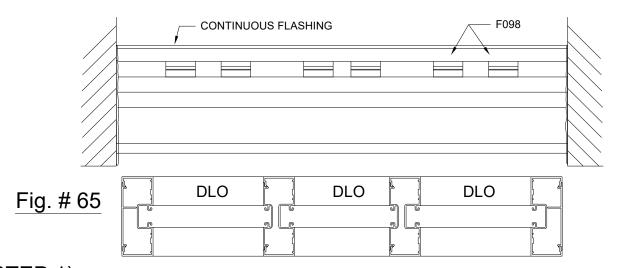
### VIEW AT JAMB AND CONDITION



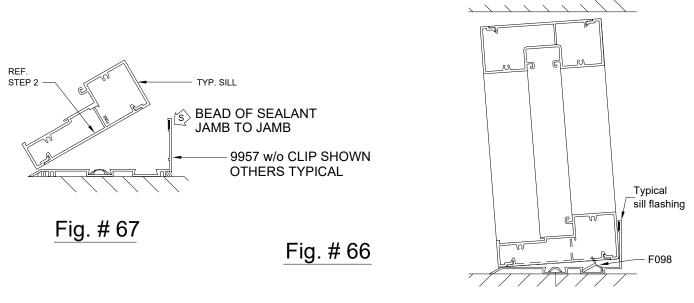
Incorporating the sill flashing end caps will complement the sealing procedure.

- The end caps must be sealed to the condition
- and the sealant must tie in with the jamb blocking
- and the perimeter seals.
- The end cap edges must also be concealed with the sealant
- to present a neat and clean installation.
- This may cause the caulk joint at the jamb to increase in thickness,
- if the condition is irregular.

The frame may be assembled as one unit before setting it in the opening.



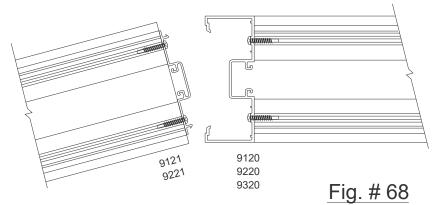
- STEP 1) Install sill clips F098 (2 per DLO). If caulk joint at head is less than ½", Minimum unit height is 48 ½" tall to ensure the ability to install. Units must be tilted in as shown in Fig. #66.
- STEP 2) EFCO requires the use of perimeter adaptors located at the setting block locations, typically at 1/4 points of the DLO. This is to prevent frame distortion normally associated with large lites of glass. Also locate FS92 or FV58 at S401, FS93 or FV59 at S402, and FU99 or FV59 at S403 at thru sill anchoring locations to prevent frame distortion. Refer to Fig. # 67 below.
- STEP 3) Apply sealant to the upturned flashing leg at the horizontal cavity. See Fig. # 67 below.
- STEP 4) Tilt the unit and set it on the flashing, see Fig. # 66. Then stand the unit up over the clips and proceed to anchor the unit in place.

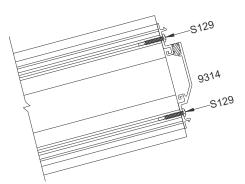


STEP 5)

NOTE:

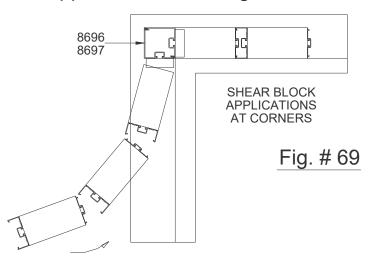
The frame units can be installed in a number of different ways. See Fig. #68 below for single unit setting technique. See page 67 for panel unit setting technique.





#### STEP 6)

If a corner is required, installation will start at the corner and work towards the opposite end. See Fig. # 69 below.

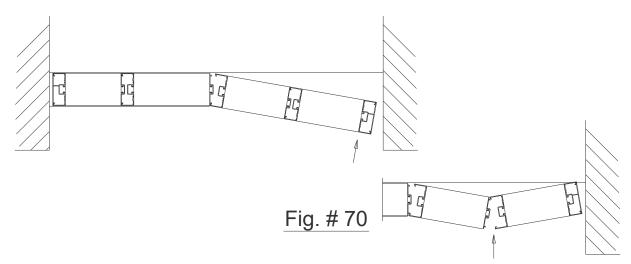


#### FRAME MAY BE INSTALLED AS PANEL UNITS.

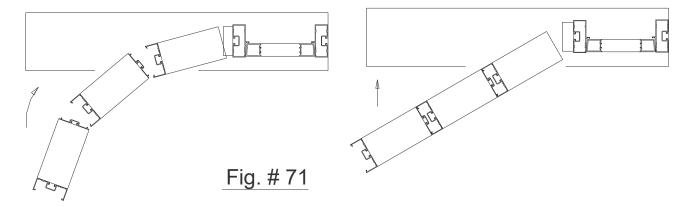
- STEP 7) Apply sealant to the upturned flashing leg cavity as shown in Fig. # 67 on page 65.
- STEP 8) Locate the first unit into position tight against the flashing back leg. Be sure the unit is plumb and square.
- STEP 9) Shim the jamb and head as required, and then secure them to the structure.

See pages 68 through 70 for anchoring procedures.

STEP 10) Install the remaining panels in a similar fashion, snapping them together. See Fig. # 70 and # 71 below.



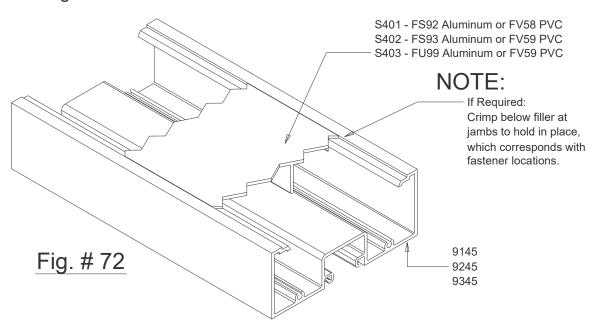
NOTE: If an entrance is required, install the framing units starting at the entrance frame and work towards the end of the opening.



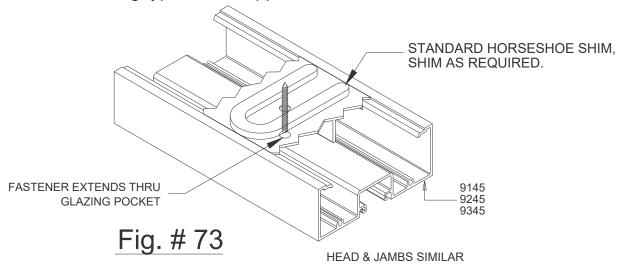
EFCO requires the use of at least a 3" long piece of adaptor at all fastener locations, FS92 or FV58 at S401, FS93 or FV59 at S402, and FU99 or FV59 at S403.

This is to prevent frame distortion when anchoring through the glazing pocket. At the discretion of the erector, the adaptor may be used in continuous lengths. The perimeter adaptor is available in stock lengths of 290".

See Fig. # 72 below.



Detail showing typical shim application.



#### SYSTEM ANCHORING

At the center of the glazing pocket, drill and countersink head, jamb, and sill 6" from each vertical or horizontal and 24" on center maximum. (SEE NOTE BELOW, IF F098 SILL CLIPS ARE BEING USED) Refer to Fig. # 72 on page 68 for perimeter adaptor applications. Also see Fig. # 74 below.

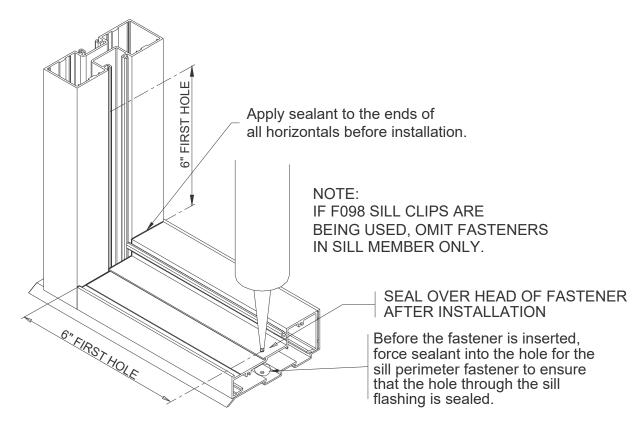
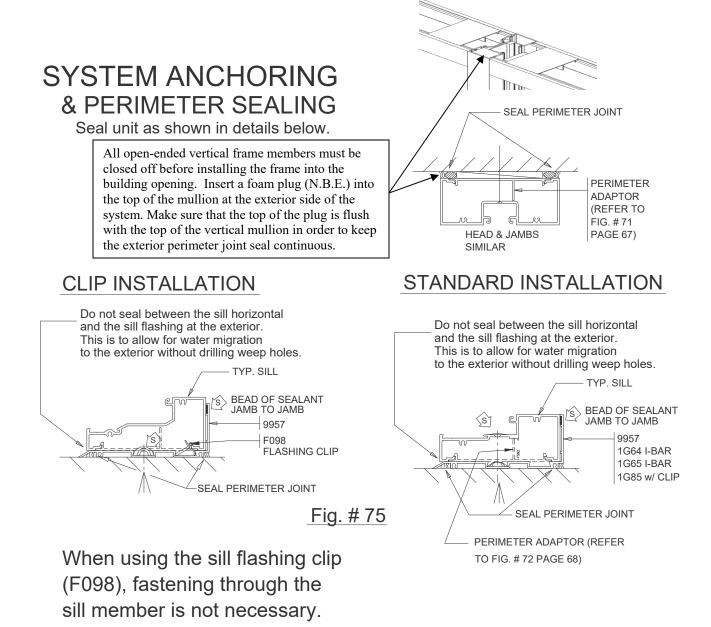
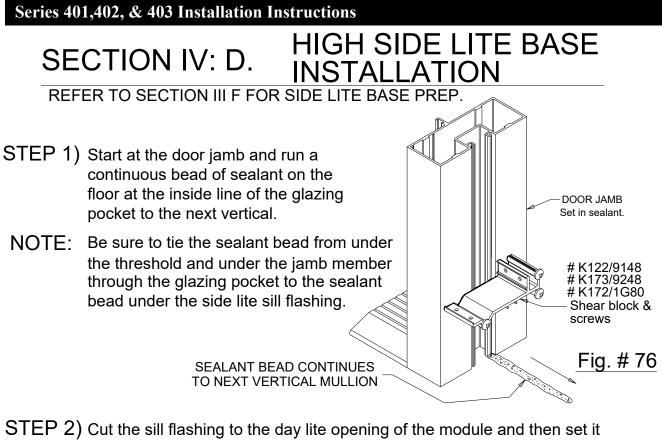


Fig. # 74

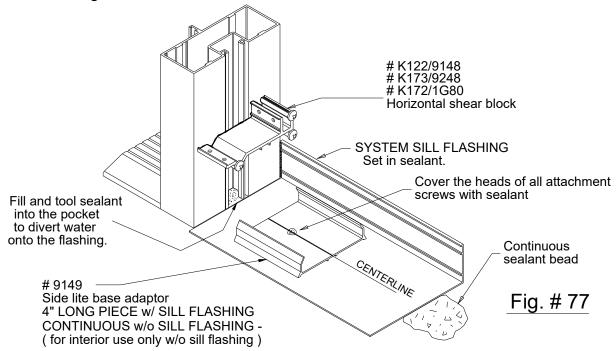
These recommendations are for general erection procedures only. For actual job conditions, see the details on the shop drawings. For perimeter anchor type and spacing, refer to the approved shop drawings or consult the project design professional.



These recommendations are for general erection procedures only. For actual job conditions, see the details on the shop drawings. For perimeter anchor type and spacing, refer to the approved shop drawings or consult the project design professional.



IEP 2) Cut the sill flashing to the day life opening of the module and then set it in a continuous bead of sealant that will run vertical to vertical. When a sill flashing is being incorporated, the use of 4" long pieces of the base adaptor (#9149) can be utilized. Locate the base adaptor pieces 6" from the verticals and 24" on center, with a minimum of 3 per DLO. Fig. # 77 below.

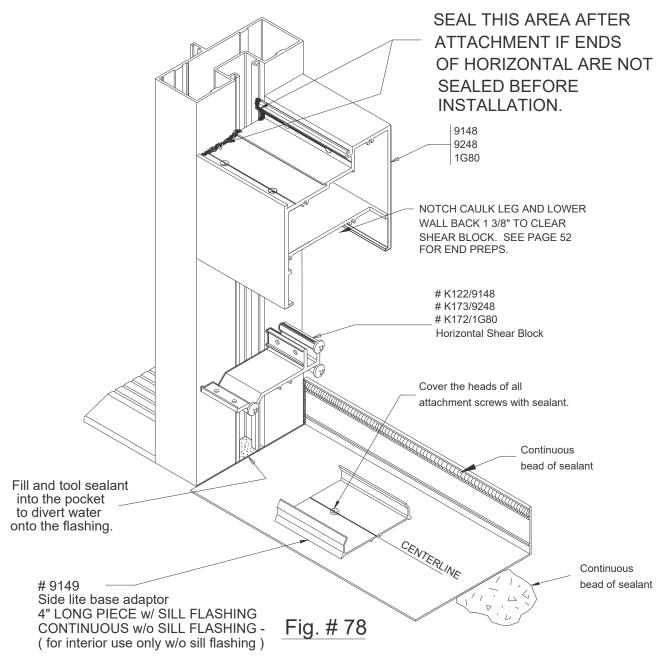


#### SECTION IV: D.

# HIGH SIDE LITE BASE INSTALLATION

STEP 3) Apply a continuous bead of sealant to the upturned leg of the sill flashing. If it is possible to slide the horizontal member onto the shear block, apply sealant to the end of the member and slide it onto the shear block and down onto the adaptor.

If the vertical members are in place, do not seal the ends of the horizontal before sliding it into place over the shear block. After the member is in place and fastened to the shear block, seal across the horizontal area from the exterior to the glazing pocket as indicated below.

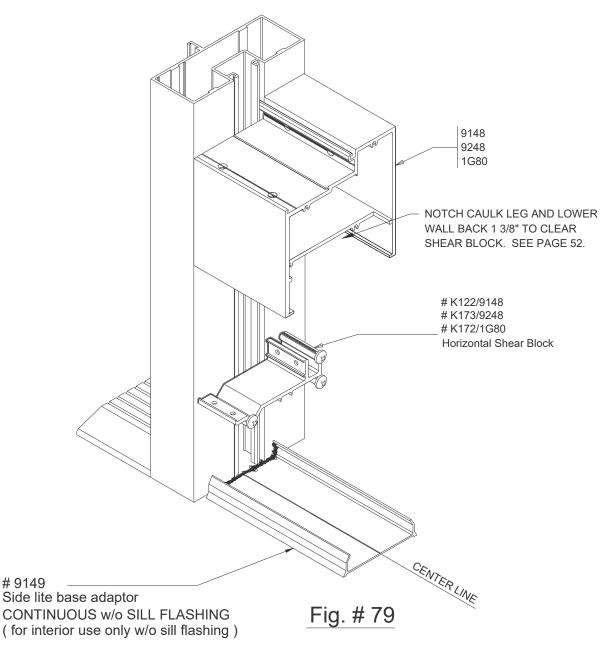


# SECTION IV: D. HIGH SIDE LITE BASE

STEP 4) If it is possible to slide the horizontal member onto the shear block, apply sealant to the end of the member and slide it onto the shear block and down onto the adaptor.\*

If the vertical members are in place, do not seal the ends of the horizontal before sliding it into place over the shear block. After the member is in place and fastened to the shear block, seal across the horizontal area from the exterior to the glazing pocket as indicated below.\*

\* Sealant Not Required At Interior Elevations.

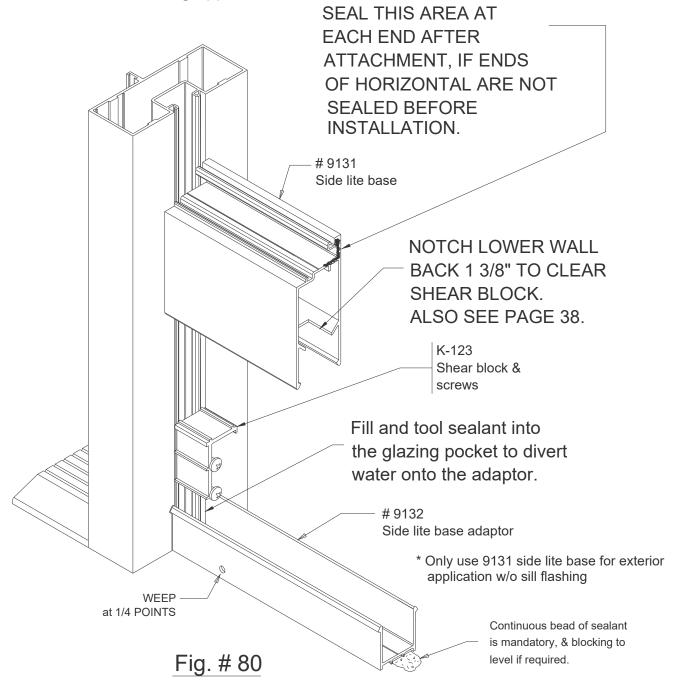


# SECTION IV: D. HIGH SIDE LITE BASE INSTALLATION - S401 SYSTEM ONLY -

STEP 4a) S-401 ONLY (OPTIONAL) Follow steps 1, 2, 3, and 4

on pages 71 thru 73.

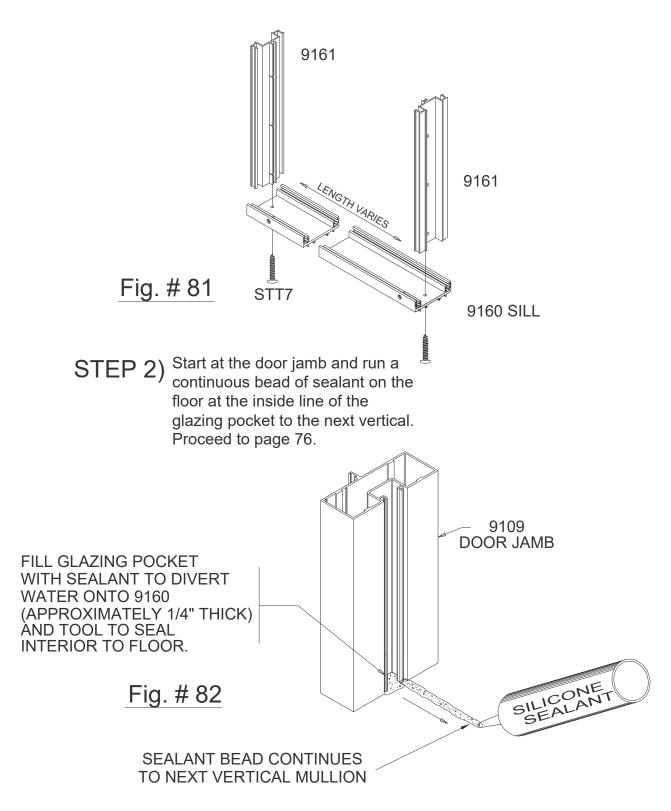
Exterior and interior perimeter sealing will be required with this type of nonflashing application.



#### Series 401,402, & 403 Installation Instructions

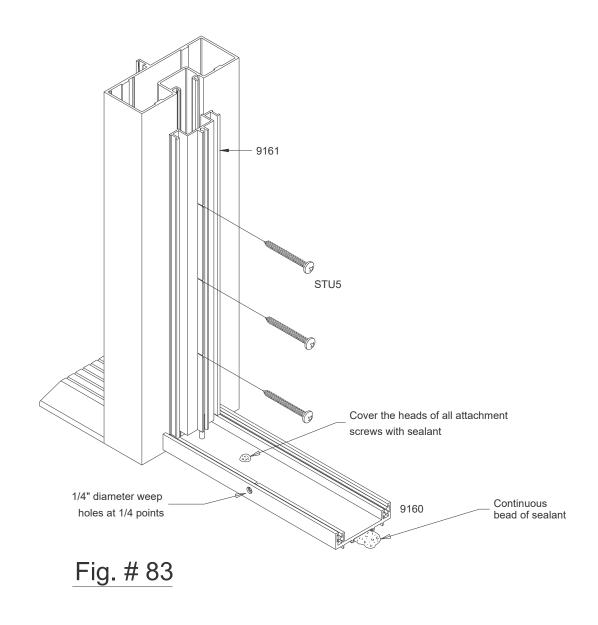
### SECTION IV: E. 2 1/2" ADJUSTABLE HEIGHT SIDE LITE BASE INSTALLATION

STEP 1) Assemble the base verticals to the base horizontal sill member. Refer to pages 54 and 55 for preps. See figures below.



### SECTION IV: E. 2 1/2" ADJUSTABLE HEIGHT SIDE LITE BASE INSTALLATION

STEP 3) Place partially assembled base on the bead of sealant as shown in Fig. # 83 below. Attach this to the vertical framing with STU5 screws (# 8 x 2 " PH.MS.), then anchor the base to the floor.

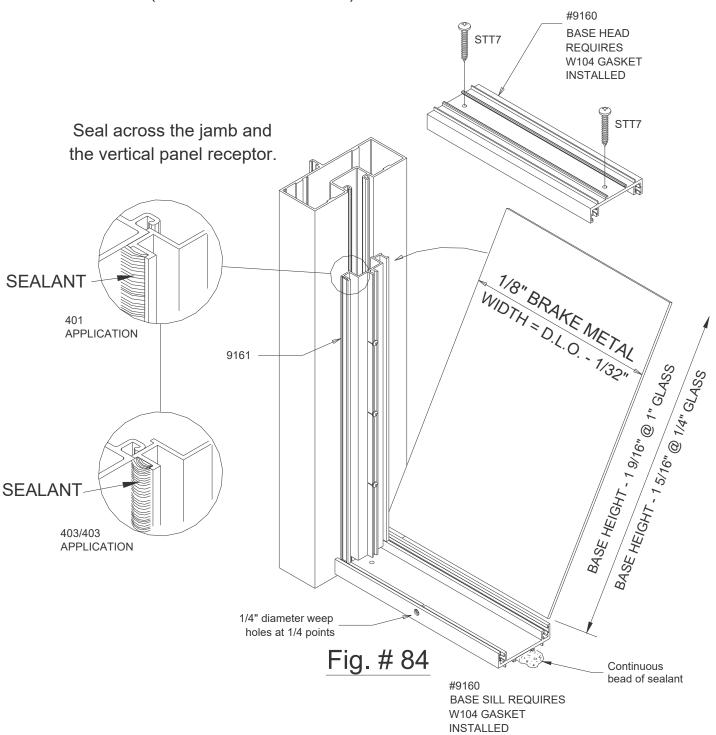


These recommendations are for general erection procedures only. For actual job conditions, see the details on the shop drawings. For perimeter anchor type and spacing, refer to the approved shop drawings or consult the project design professional.

#### Series 401,402, & 403 Installation Instructions

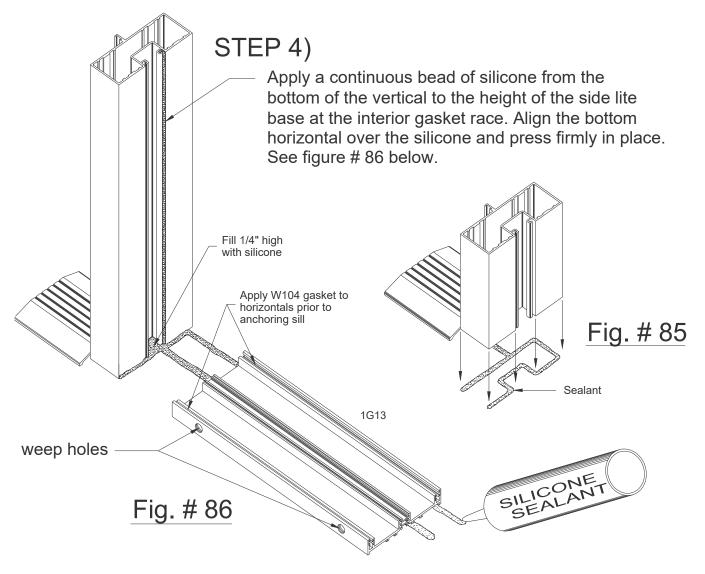
### SECTION IV: E. 2 1/2" ADJUSTABLE HEIGHT SIDE LITE BASE

STEP 4) Apply sealant to the vertical - Fig. # 84 below. Place the brake metal in the base sill track and pivot it in place. Do both sides in this manner. Place the base head member over the brake metal and fasten with STT7 screws. (# 10-12 x 1" PH.SMS)



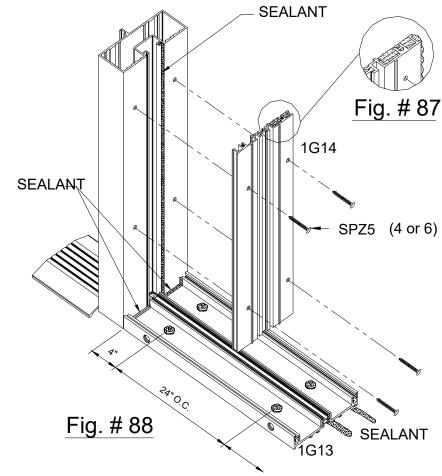
### SECTION IV: E. 4 1/2" ADJUSTABLE HEIGHT SIDE LITE BASE INSTALLATION

- STEP 1) Place the vertical in a bed of silicone profiling the inside edges of the mullion as shown. Leave the exterior face open for water to weep and also marry into the bead of sealant under the threshold. Tool the exposed edges. See figure # 85 below.
- STEP 2) Fill the glazing pocket with silicone tooled to create a 1/4" high end dam which will divert water onto the bottom horizontal. See figure # 86 below.
- STEP 3) Apply double beads of silicone across the side lite opening that marries into the previously applied silicone. Apply a 1/4" bead of silicone along the mullion sides at the finished floor. See figure # 86 below.
  - **NOTE:** If the overall length of the base is over 36 inches, a vertical intermediate will be required. Match drill the top and bottom base members and attach the prepped vertical (1G14) before setting the sill member.



### SECTION IV: E. 4 1/2" ADJUSTABLE HEIGHT SIDE LITE BASE INSTALLATION

- STEP 5) Anchor the sill to the floor at 4" from the ends and 24" on center. Seal over the screw heads with silicone. See figure # 88 below.
- STEP 6) Tool silicone along the end profile of the horizontal to the vertical mullion/jamb and up the brake metal captured legs to form a gutter. See figure # 88 below.

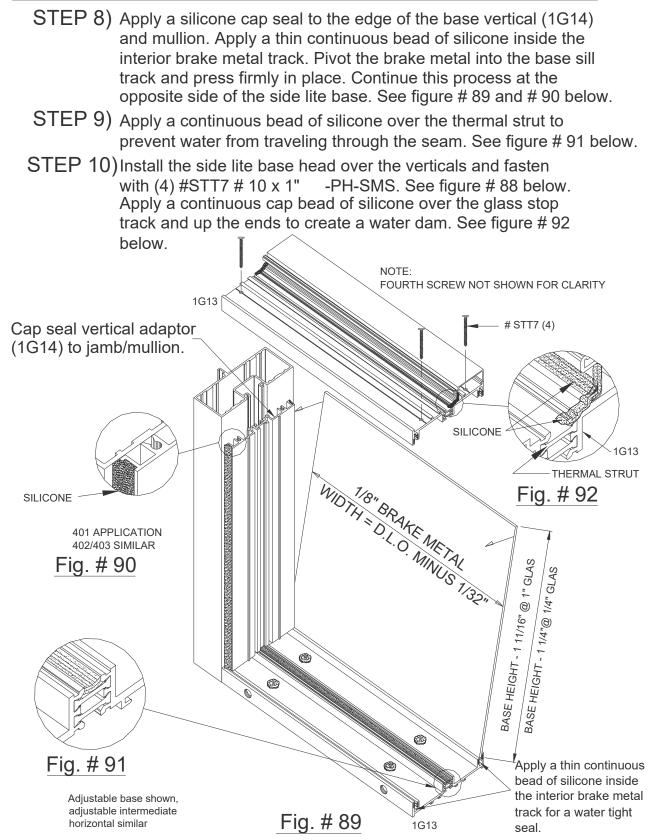


STEP 7) Seal behind the interior half of the verticals (1G14) at op as shown and attach with (4) or (6) # SPZ3 # 8 X 3/4" PL-PH-SMS as required. See figures above.

These recommendations are for general erection procedures only. For actual job conditions, see the details on the shop drawings. For perimeter anchor type and spacing, refer to the approved shop drawings or consult the project design professional.

EFCO CORPORATION

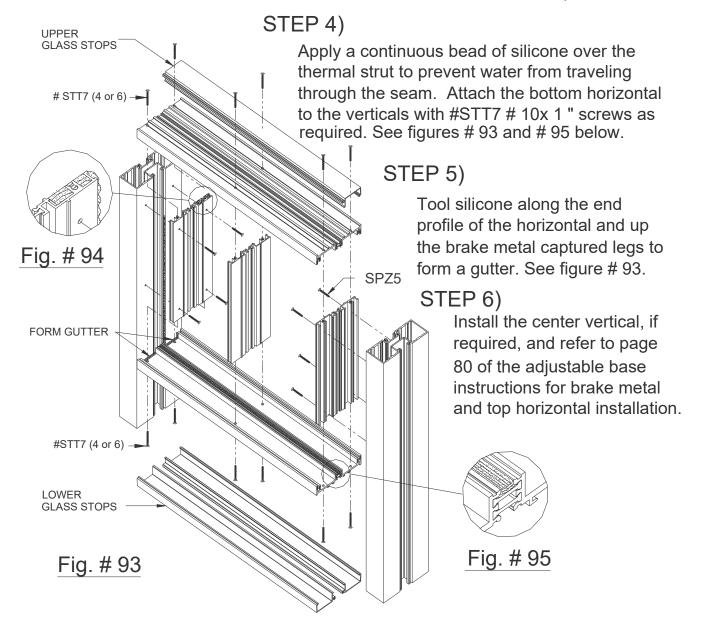
### SECTION IV: E. 4 1/2" ADJUSTABLE HEIGHT SIDE LITE BASE INSTALLATION



### Series 401,402, & 403 Installation Instructions

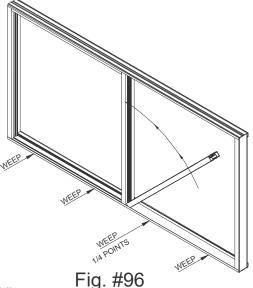
### SECTION IV: E. 4 1/2" ADJUSTABLE HEIGHT INTERMEDIATE HORIZONTAL INSTALLATION

- STEP 1) Place preassembled frame elevation onto the sill flashing and anchor into the opening as previously outlined.
- STEP 2) Apply a continuous bead of silicone to the interior gasket race of the mullions located at the area of the intermediate horizontal. See figure # 93 below.
- STEP 3) Seal behind the interior half of the vertical (1G14) at the top as shown in figure # 93 below and marry to sealant in step 2. Attach with SPZ5 # 8 x 3/4" PH-SMS screws as required.



### SECTION IV: F. - CAN SYSTEM PREPARATION / INSTALLATION

- 1) Be familiar with typical storefront installation procedures before proceeding with any material preps for the can receptor system.
- 2) The can receptor system does not accommodate door jambs. If doors are a requirement, a standard shear block storefront system will have to be used.
- 3) The cut length formula for the can receptor is horizontal rough opening minus 1/2".
- 4) The can receptor at the head and sill is intended to be installed without shims, but the condition must be level and flat within 1/8", otherwise shims will be required.
- 5) The use of end caps are at the discretion of the architect / general contractor.
- 6) Exterior and interior perimeter seals are mandatory with this can system.
- 7) The cut length formula for jambs and verticals is frame dimension minus .75"
- 8) Seal the inside of the receptor to the condition at the jamb and set the jamb members into a bead of sealant in the sill receptor.
- 9) Locate 1/4" diameter weep holes at quarter points of each D.L.O. at the sill can receptor as shown below.
- 10) Set the sill and head receptor can with 1/4" diameter minimum fasteners, 4" from jambs and verticals and then 16" on centers.
- 11) Seal over all fasteners (typ.).
- 12) If end caps are being incorporated, install them now with sealant at the ends of the receptor can.
- 13) Tip up the jamb in place being sure the sill end is set in sealant maintaining a perimeter seal between jamb, sill can, and the condition. Fasten the jamb in place using 1/4" diameter minimum fastener on 16" centers.
- 14) Apply a bead of sealant to the receiving race for the can filler prior to installing the filler. Fill this cavity completely to ensure an adequate seal. Clean off any excess.
- 15) Snap-in the head and sill can fillers, locating them tight against the jamb member.



16) Rotate the first vertical in place in the sill can, locating the vertical tight against the previous can fillers. The can fillers will hold the vertical on center line.

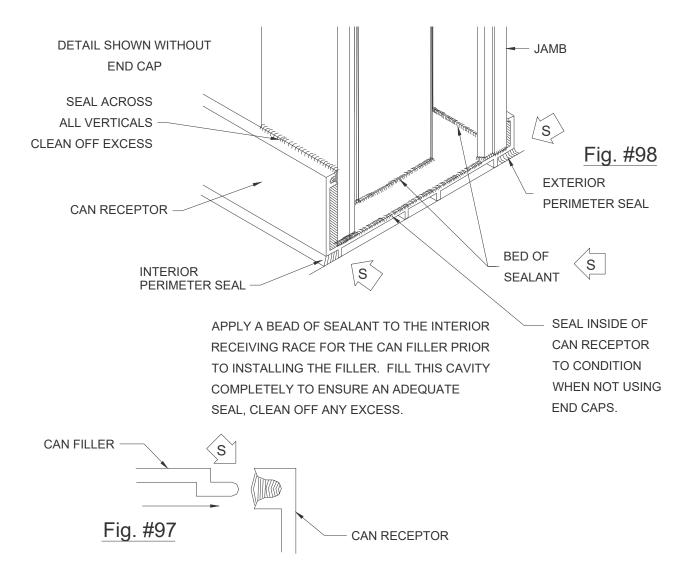
These recommendations are for general erection procedures only. For actual job conditions, see the details on the shop drawings. For perimeter anchor type and spacing, refer to the approved shop drawings or consult the project design professional.

#### Series 401,402, & 403 Installation Instructions

### SECTION IV: F. CAN SYSTEM PREPARATION / INSTALLATION

- 17) Snap-in the head and sill can fillers, locate the next verticals at the desired center lines. Repeat the previous steps for multiple verticals.
- 18) Apply a bead of sealant to the inside of the receptor to condition at the jamb, and set the jamb members into a bead of sealant in the sill receptor. If end caps are incorporated, seal the can receptor cavity at the jamb condition with the end cap completely.
- 19) Apply a small bead of sealant across the face of the verticals and jambs at the can line connecting the bead of sealant from the filler track to the other side.
- 20) This is to ensure a continuous seal across the interior / exterior of the head and sill can.

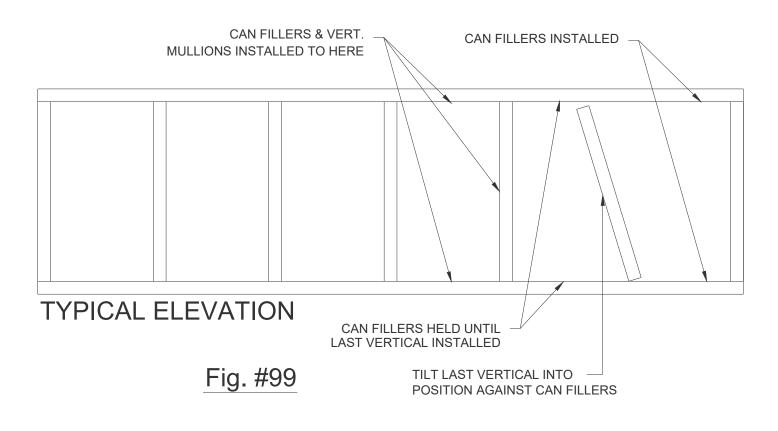
Exterior and interior perimeter seals are mandatory with this can system.



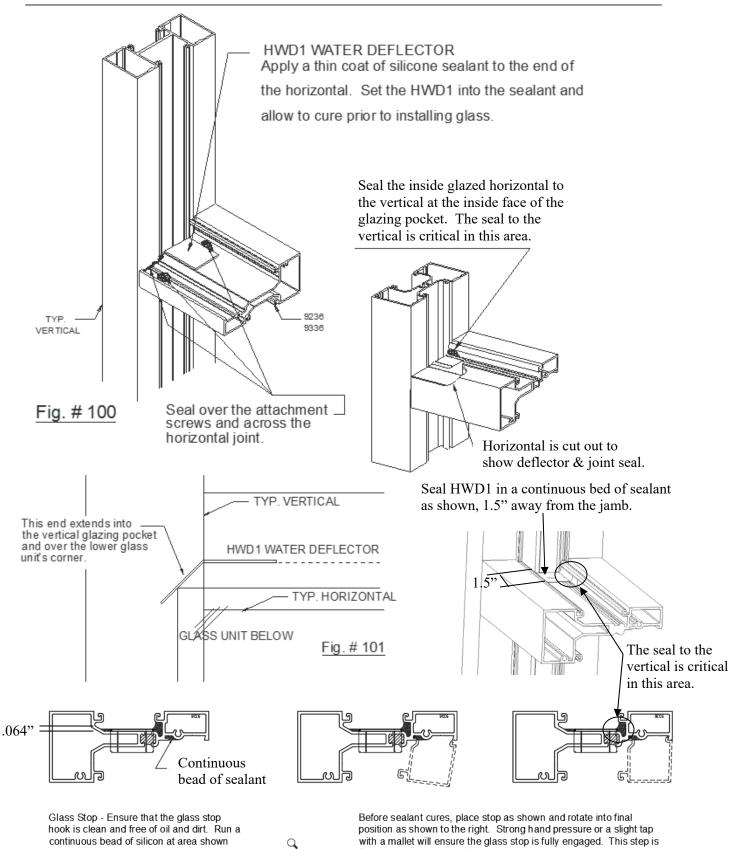
# SECTION IV: F. CAN SYSTEM PREPARATION / INSTALLATION

Tap vertical mullion tight against the can fillers already in place, and then repeat the installation of the next can fillers and vertical mullions. Check every third mullion for correct spacing.

NOTE: Install the <u>last</u> can filler of a run before the second to last. This will allow the tilting of the last vertical mullion into place, which will then finish the run. See Fig. #99 below.



### SECTION V: A. WATER DEFLECTOR INSTALLATION (TYPICAL FOR S-402 AND S403)



EFCO CORPORATION

above

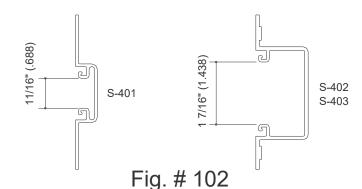
for both outside and inside glazed units.

Page 85 of 94

# SECTION V: B. POCKET DIMENSIONS AND GLASS SIZE FORMULAS

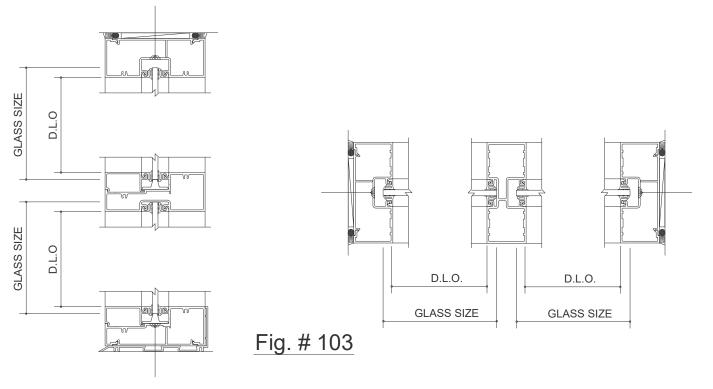
Pockets for System 401 (1 3/4" sight line) are 11/16" (.688) wide and will accept 1/4" glass, dry glazed.

Pockets for Systems 402 and 403 (2" sight line) are 1 7/16" (1.438) wide and will accept 1" glass, dry glazed. See Fig. # 102.



# SECTION V: C. GLASS SIZE FORMULAS

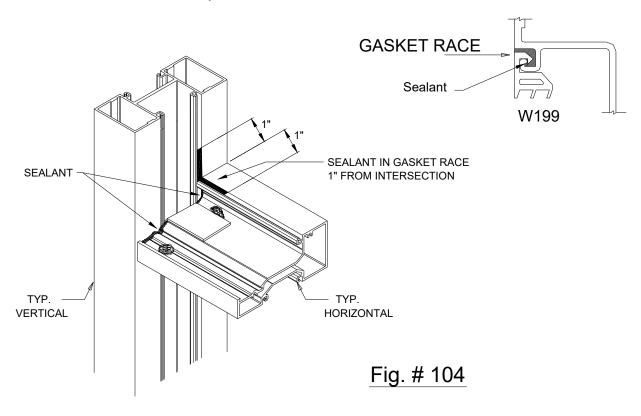
System 401 (1 3/4" sight line) = D.L.O. + 5/8" (HORIZONTAL) System 401 (1 3/4" sight line) = D.L.O. + 5/8" (VERTICAL) Systems 402 & 403 (2" sight line) = D.L.O. + 7/8" (HORIZONTAL) Systems 402 & 403 (2" sight line) = D.L.O. + 7/8" (VERTICAL) See FIG. # 103 below.



## SECTION V: C. OUTSIDE GLAZING

### STEP 1)

- A) Apply sealant to the ends of all horizontals to seal the intersections at the verticals. At all 4 corners of the D.L.O., apply sealant in the gasket race for 1" away from the intersection of the vertical and the horizontal members. See Fig. # 104 below.
- B) Cut the interior and exterior push-in gaskets to an approximate length of D.L.O + 3.0".
- NOTE: Vertical gaskets run through.
  - C) Start at each end and work toward the center, firmly pushing the gasket in place. See page 89 for gasket installation. DO NOT STRETCH THE GASKET OR IT WILL RETURN TO ITS ORIGINAL FORM, CREATING GAPS AT THE GASKET INTERSECTIONS.
  - D) Clean the glazing gaskets with denatured alcohol at the intersection area. Apply a small amount of sealant at the intersect area to marry the vertical and horizontal glazing gaskets. Tool all sealant to present a neat, clean appearance.
- NOTE: These steps are included in the test lab procedure and are required to achieve the test report results for air and water infiltration.



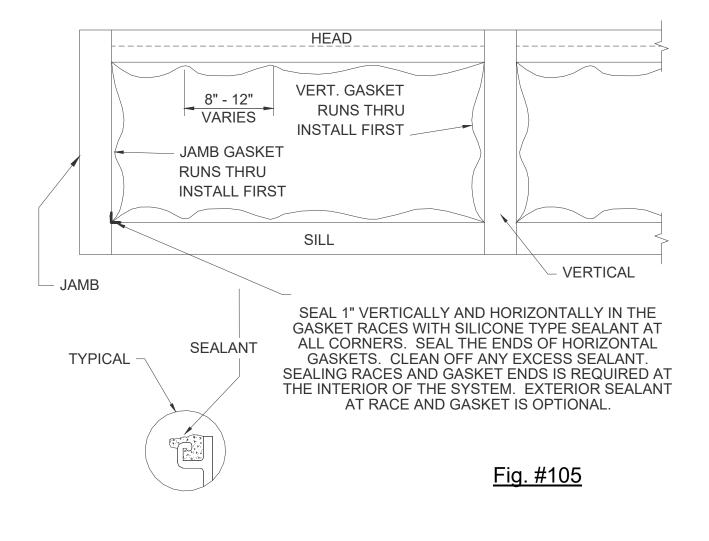
## SECTION V:C. OUTSIDE GLAZING

### Step 2) Installation of Glazing Gasket

For inside glazed applications, install the exterior gasket prior to glass installation. For outside glazed applications, install the interior gasket prior to glass installation.

SIZE THE GASKET LENGTH BY USING THE FOLLOWING FORMULA. D.L.O. + 3.0"

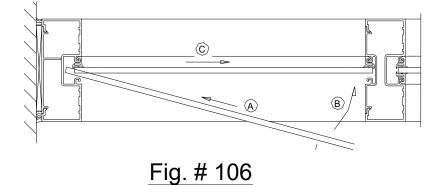
NOTE: To install glazing gasket, start by pushing the gasket in place at the ends. Move to the middle, then to quarter points and work the "waves" toward the ends. Do not stretch the gasket or it will return to its original form, creating gaps at the gasket intersection. See Figure 105 below.

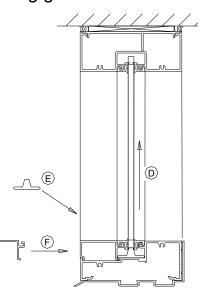


# SECTION V: C. OUTSIDE GLAZING

### **STEP 3) GLASS INSTALLATION**

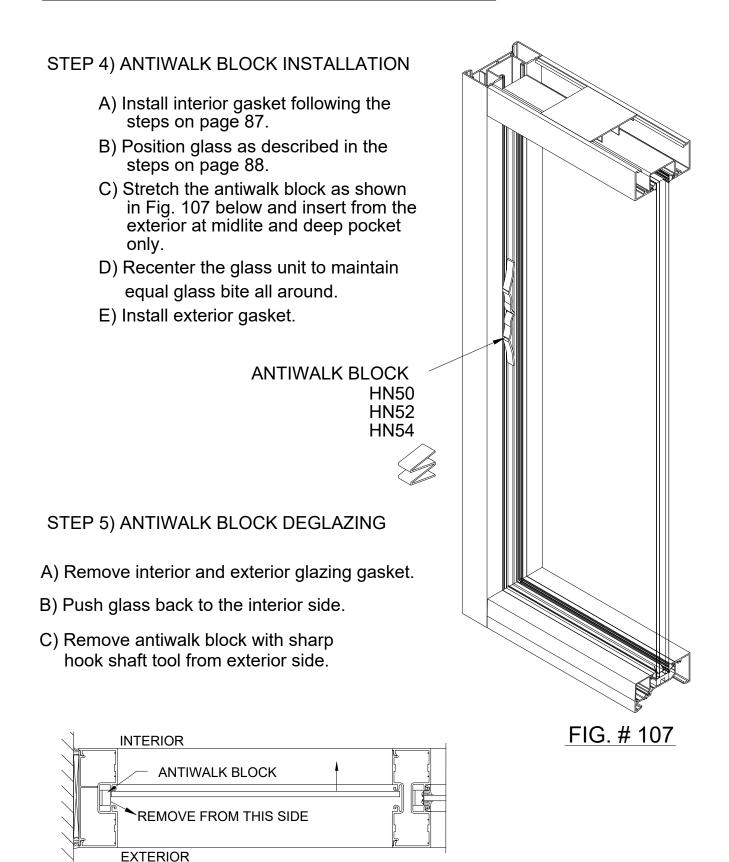
- A) Position the glass on the side of the framing with the removable stop (interior or exterior), and then shift the glass into the deep pocket.
- B) Swing the opposite edge of the glass around to align with the glazing pocket.
- C) Shift the glass into the shallow pocket until there is equal glass bite on both edges of the glass.
- D) Lift the glass into the head member glass pocket.
- E) Insert the setting blocks under the glass at the proper locations and then lower the glass onto the setting blocks.
- F) Snap-on the removable glass stop, and install the glazing gasket. See step # 1 on page 87.
- NOTE: If using antiwalk blocks, refer to page 90.





Customer / Installer Note: EFCO setting blocks are typically 4" in length with different depths. If the glazing infill is "NOT BY EFCO" and glazing sizes are larger than 40 square feet, then the glazing details must be reviewed by the glazing manufacturer for proper setting block size.

# SECTION V: C. OUTSIDE GLAZING



PART NO. Y001

FIG. # 108

## SECTION V: D. INSIDE GLAZING

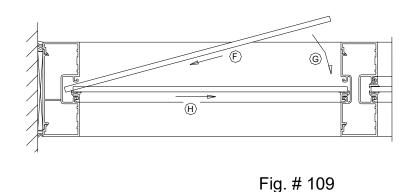
ALL SYSTEMS CAN BE INSIDE GLAZED. PREP AND ASSEMBLE THE FRAMES WITH THE REMOVABLE GLASS STOP LOCATED AT THE HEAD ON THE INTERIOR SIDE. FOLLOW THE FABRICATION AND ASSEMBLY STEPS AS OUTLINED IN SECTION III.

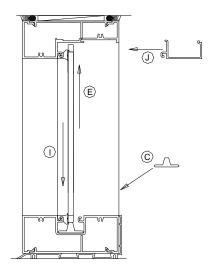
### STEP 1) GLASS INSTALLATION

- A) Cut the interior and exterior glazing gaskets to an approximate length of D.L.O + 3.0".
- B) Install the exterior glazing gasket by starting at one end and working toward the center, firmly pushing the gasket into place. See page 89 for gasket installation.

DO NOT STRETCH THE GASKET OR IT WILL RETURN TO ITS ORIGINAL FORM, CREATING GAPS AT THE GASKET INTERSECTIONS.

- C) Locate and position the glass setting blocks in the sill member's glazing pocket. Setting blocks are typically located at 1/4 points of the D.L.O.
- D) Position the glass at the interior of the opening to be glazed.
- E) Lift the glass into the head member's glass pocket with the glass stop removed.
- F) Then, shift the glass into the deep pocket at the vertical.
- G) Swing the opposite edge of the glass around to align with that glazing pocket.
- H) Shift the glass into the shallow pocket until there is equal glass bite on both edges of the glass.
- I) Lower the glass onto the setting blocks.
- J) Snap-on the removable glass stop and install the interior glazing gasket as outlined on page 87. Be sure to seal the gasket ends as described.





### WINDOW ADAPTORS SECTION V: E. PREPS / INSTALLATION

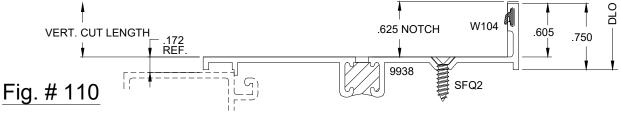
## PREP for #9938 EQUAL LEG SHADOWLINE ADAPTOR

FOR 1" GLAZING POCKETS ONLY HORIZONTAL CUT LENGTH = D.L.O. minus 1/16" THE HORIZONTAL PIECES RUN THROUGH.

VERTICAL CUT LENGTH = D.L.O. minus 11/32" NOTCH THE BACK LEG OF THE VERTICAL PIECE 1/8" x 5/8" TO CLEAR THE HORIZONTAL LEG.

SEAL JOINT COMPLETELY

FOR EQUAL LEG SHADOWLINE WINDOWS WINDOW DIM. = D.L.O. minus 9/16"



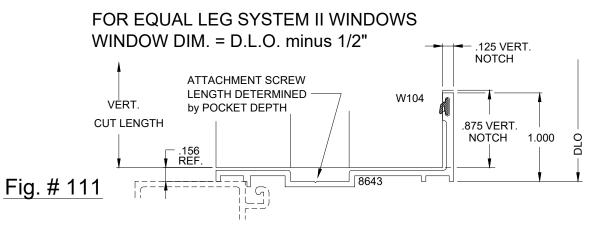
## PREP for #8643 EQUAL LEG SYSTEM II ADAPTOR

FOR 1/4" AND 1" GLAZING POCKETS

HORIZONTAL CUT LENGTH = D.L.O. minus 1/16" THE HORIZONTAL PIECES RUN THROUGH.

VERTICAL CUT LENGTH = D.L.O. minus 5/16" NOTCH THE BACK LEG OF THE VERTICAL PIECE 1/8" x 7/8" TO CLEAR THE HORIZONTAL LEG.

SEAL THE JOINTS COMPLETELY

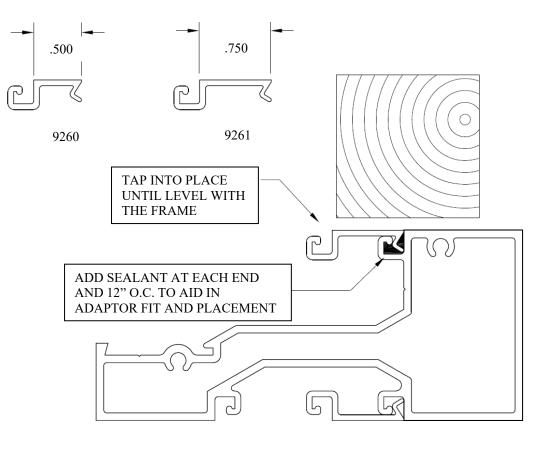


EFCO CORPORATION

- .125

# SECTION V: F.1" POCKET REDUCERS<br/>FOR 1/4" AND 1/2" GLASS

USE #9260 FOR 1/2" THICK GLASS USE #9261 FOR 1/4" THICK GLASS



### <u>Fig. #113</u>

Due to extrusion tolerances and varying thickness of painted finishes, it may be necessary to tap the pocket reducers into place using a hammer and a 6" long block of wood.

Care must be taken not to bend the pocket reducer as it is being tapped into position. This may be a permanent installation and careful locating procedures must be taken. **Revisions:** 

Fixed Step 1 on page 65 MH 5/10/2018